# Weekly Influenza News



# Week 50: December 8 to December 14, 2019

## Week in Review:

Influenza Activity Indicator	Assessment of Indicator*	Interpretation	
	Higher	38 local lab-confirmed case reported in week 50; 18 cases reported in week 49	
	Similar	Simcoe Muskoka - flu A: 0.0%; flu B: 3.8% Ontario - flu A: 3.8%; flu B: 0.8%	
	Higher	One influenza outbreak reported for the 2019-20 season to date.	
Local Emergency Department respiratory visits: week 50	Similar	Percentage of visits is similar to previous week and to same period for the 2018-19 season.	
Week 50 Overall Assessment December 8 to December 14, 2019		Reported Activity Level: Sporadic	
	Similar	Seven cases of Flu A reported in SMDHU 31 cases of Flu B reported in SMDHU	

Predominant Influenza Strains: Not available

Notes: Reported activity level is based on the weekly submissions to Public Health Ontario. Definition available here.

\*Compared to previous surveillance week; based on provincial percent positivity

† Reported for week 49

## **Reported Local Influenza Cases**

In Simcoe Muskoka, there has been **104 lab-confirmed influenza cases reported** as of 17 December 2019 - 38 cases (37%) of influenza were reported in week 50.

Of the 31 reported influenza A cases, seven have been subtyped:

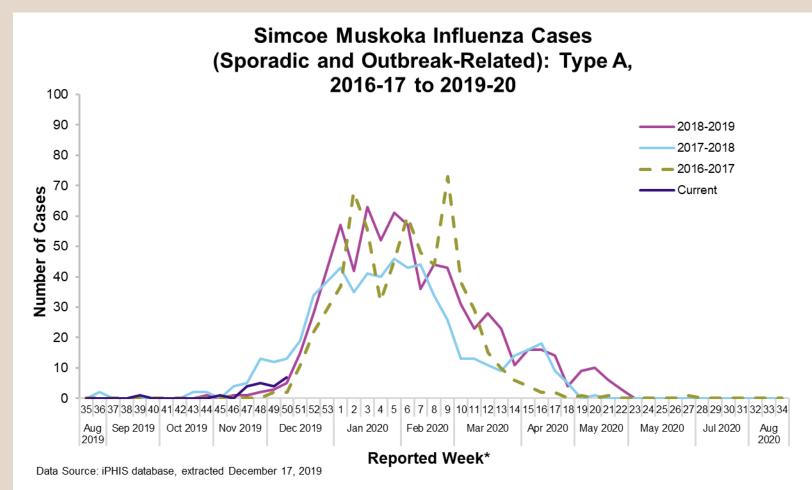
- 5/7 (71%) are influenza A, H3 strain
- 2/7 (29%) are influenza A, H1 strain/ H1N1 pdm09.

	Week 50		Season-to-Date		
Lab-confirmed Influenza Cases	N	%	N	%	
Influenza A	7	18%	31	30%	
Influenza B	31	82%	73	70%	
Influenza A & B	0	0%	0	0%	
Total	38	100%	104	100%	
Notes: Data source: Communicable Disease Intake Database, extracted on <b>December 17, 2019</b> .					

## Table 1: Summary of influenza cases for 2019-20 season

## **Historical Comparison**

Figure 1: Reported Influenza Cases, Type A, Current Influenza Season with Historical Comparison, Simcoe Muskoka



\*Case counts are based on reported date. Reported date is on average 7-10 days after onset date. For comparability between years, the surveillance week number is used in this graph. The alignment with the dates for the 2018-19 influenza season is provided for reference. Week 1 always corresponds with the week in which January 1 lands.

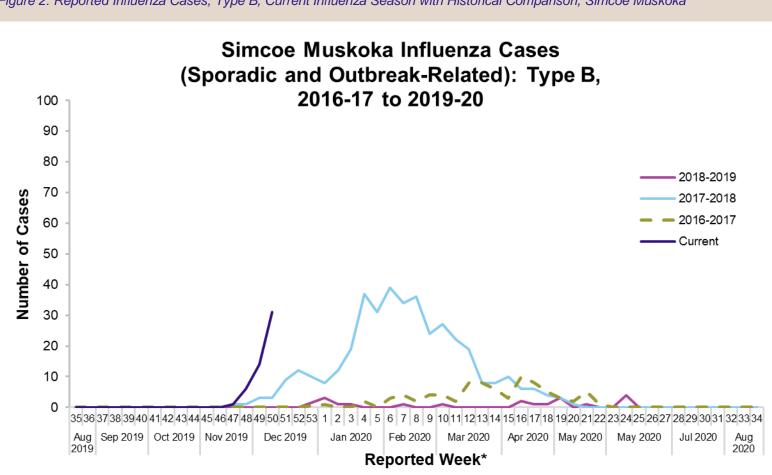


Figure 2: Reported Influenza Cases, Type B, Current Influenza Season with Historical Comparison, Simcoe Muskoka

Data Source: iPHIS database, extracted December 17, 2019

\*Case counts are based on reported date. Reported date is on average 7-10 days after onset date.

For comparability between years, the surveillance week number is used in this graph. The alignment with the dates for the 2018-19 influenza season is provided for reference. Week 1 always corresponds with the week in which January 1 lands.

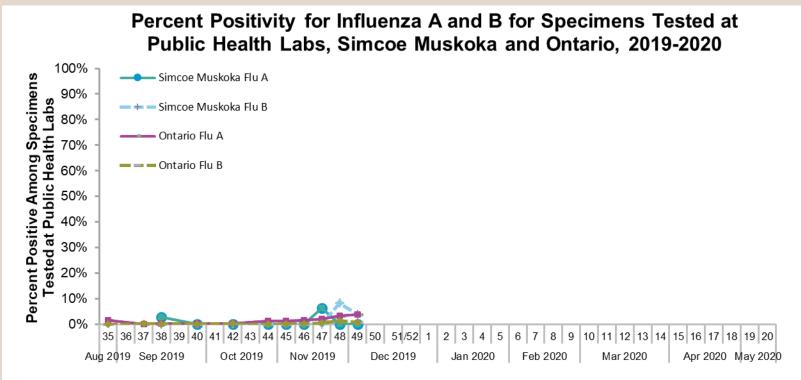
## **Percent positivity**

Note: Percent positivity is reported with one week lag and does not included week 50.

The percentage of flu specimens that are positive (<u>percent positivity</u>) for Influenza A and Influenza B remains low. The provincial percent positivity for influenza A in week 49 was reported at 3.8%, which is similar when compared to week 48. Influenza B percent positivity was reported at 0.8% for week 49.

Locally for week 49, percent positivity for influenza A was reported at 0.0%, while influenza B was 0.8%.

Figure 3: Percent Positivity, Influenza A & B, Simcoe Muskoka & Ontario, 2019-20



#### Specimen Submission Surveillance Week by Month

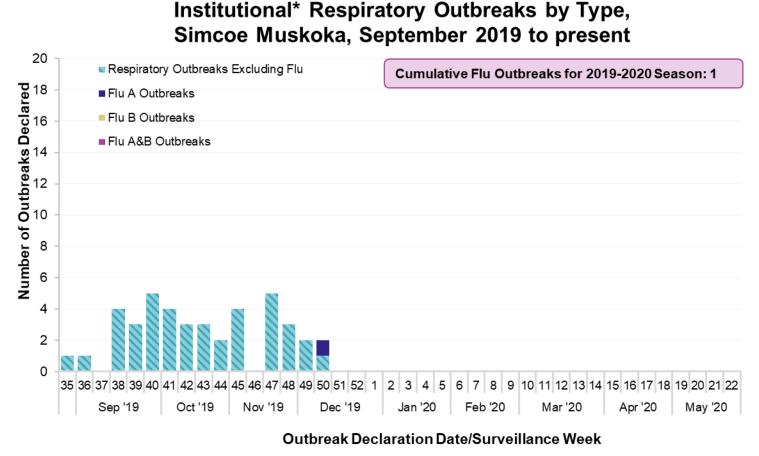
Data Source: Public Health Ontario. Laboratory-Based Respiratory Pathogen Surveillance Report, extracted December 17, 2019

\* Simcoe Muskoka percent positivity is based on relatively small numbers of positive tests and should be interpreted with caution. Data in this figure are reported with one week lag and do not include the most recently completed surveillance week.

## **Institutional Respiratory Outbreaks**

There has been one *lab-confirmed institutional flu outbreaks* in Simcoe Muskoka since September 1, 2019.

Figure 4: Institutional Outbreaks by Respiratory Pathogen, Simcoe Muskoka, 2019-20



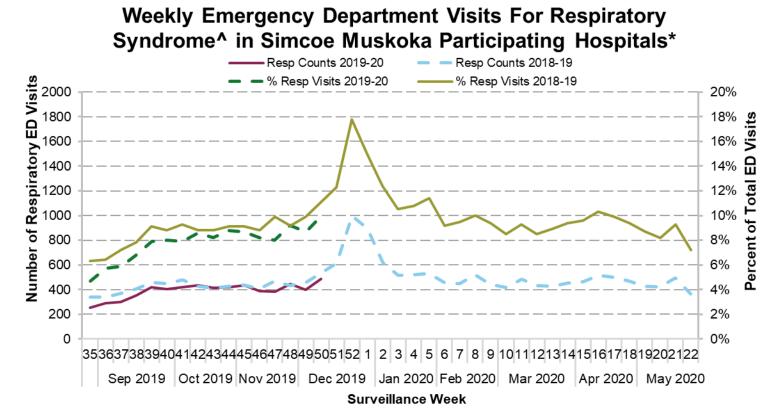
Data Source: SMDHU Outbreak Log, 2018-19, extracted December 17, 2019.

\* Confirmed outbreaks. Institutions can include acute care facilities, long term care facilities, retirement homes and child care facilities.

## **Local Emergency Department Visits**

Emergency department visits for respiratory syndrome in Simcoe Muskoka accounted for 10.0% of visits in week 50. This is similar when compared to week 49, and similar when compared to the same point in the 2018-19 season.

*Figure 5: Emergency Department Visits for Respiratory Syndrome at Participating Simcoe Muskoka Hospitals, 2018-19, 2019-20 Seasons* 



Data Source: Acute Care Enhanced Surveillance (ACES) System, extracted December 16, 2019

Data is considered preliminary and subject to change.

<sup>A</sup> Respiratory syndrome is defined as "respiratory infection non croup, non bronchiolitis. Includes sore throat, cough, cold, ear infection, blocked ear, earache etc". This syndrome does not include influenza-like illness, which is "fever, myalgia, undifferentiated flu".

\*Participating hospitals are: RVH, OSMH, MAH (Bracebridge and Huntsville), GBGH and CGMH. Includes Simcoe Muskoka residents and visitors.

The above data is provided through Acute Care Enhanced Surveillance (ACES), an emergency department (ED) syndromic surveillance system managed by <u>KFLA Public Health Informatics</u> for participating Ontario hospitals. Six hospitals participate in Simcoe Muskoka.

## **Vaccine Match and Influenza Strains**

The trivalent 2019-2020 influenza vaccine for the northern hemisphere contains the following strains:

- A/Kansas/14/2017(H3N2)-like;
- A/Brisbane/02/2018(H1N1)pdm09-like; and
- B/Colorado/06/2017-like virus (B/Victoria/2/87 lineage).

#### Table 2: Local, Provincial and National Matched and Mismatched Flu Specimens and National Match Percent, 2019-20

Influenza Strains	Number of Specimens with Strain Characterization Results		National Match	
	Ontario	Canada	Percent <sup>†</sup>	
Influenza A Vaccine Strains				
Influenza A (H3N2) A/Kansas/14/2017(H3N2)-like	5	18	18%	
Influenza A (H1N1) A/Brisbane/02/2018(H1N1)pdm09-like	4	35	35%	
Influenza B Vaccine Strains				
B/Colorado/06/2017-like	7	33	100%	
<b>B/Phuket/3073/2013-like virus</b> (Quad vaccine only)	0	0	0%	

Data Source: Public Health Ontario. Laboratory-Based Respiratory Pathogen Surveillance Report – Week 49; Public Health Agency of Canada. Flu Watch – Week 49

Provincial and national counts are reported with one week lag and do not include the most recently completed surveillance week. Surveillance weeks can be found here (pg 9).

† Non-vaccine match strains are not reported. Match percent is calculated based on total isolates characterized for each of flu A and flu B. Match percent is based primarily on antigenically similar strains. Antigenic similarity may not be reflective of influenza vaccine effectiveness.

# **Technical Notes**

# **Definitions**

<u>Percentage positivity</u>: the number of positive flu cases divided by the number of specimens tested at Public Health Ontario Labs

<u>Reported activity level</u>: the level of influenza activity that is reported to Public Health Ontario by Simcoe Muskoka, based on influenza cases and outbreaks. Definitions available <u>here</u> (pg 9).

<u>Surveillance week</u>: The week number corresponding to the week of year, running Sunday to Saturday, inclusive, for reporting influenza activity. January 1 always falls within week 1. A list of the current season's surveillance weeks can be found <u>here</u>.

## Limitations

### **Timeliness:**

The provincial data are from one week previous because that is the most recent data available.

The hospital data, local counts of influenza, and outbreaks are current to date.

The number of cases listed in a given surveillance week may change as more information becomes available

## Case-Follow-up and iPHIS Data Entry:

While Public Health Ontario only requires case information as provided by the laboratory report, the health unit investigates all outbreak cases, as information is available, in order to provide a more accurate local picture of adverse outcomes and subtyping.

### Case Reporting:

Sporadic cases do not accurately describe all cases of influenza as those cases reported are skewed towards individuals more likely to seek medical care and be tested (e.g. young, elderly and immunocompromised).

# **Additional Resources**

## Simcoe Muskoka

- Influenza Fact Sheet
- Influenza HealthSTATS page

## **Provincial**

- Ontario Respiratory Pathogen Bulletin
- Public Health Ontario Laboratory Respiratory Pathogen
  Surveillance Reports
- ILI Mapper

**Week 49 Provincial Summary:** For the 2019-2020 surveillance season to week 49, 458 laboratory-confirmed influenza cases have been reported across Ontario, 150 (32.8%) of which were reported in week 49. Among cumulative cases, 76.9% (352/458) were influenza A.

(Source: Public Health Ontario Respiratory Pathogen Bulletin, Surveillance Week 49, extracted December 17, 2019)

# National

• Public Health Agency of Canada FluWatch

## **International Resources**

• WHO Global Influenza Surveillance and Response System