Weekly Influenza News



Week 17: April 22 to April 28, 2018

Week in Review:

Influenza Activity Indicator	Assessment of Indicator*	Interpretation	
	Lower	15 local lab-confirmed case reported in week 17; 24 cases reported in week 16	
Percent Positive of Flu Specimens [↑]	Similar	Simcoe Muskoka: - flu A (27.5%); flu B (7.8%) Ontario: - flu A (8.4%); flu B (6.3%)	
	Similar	One institutional influenza outbreak was declared in week 17. Sixty-nine influenza outbreaks reported for the season to date.	
Local Emergency Department respiratory visits: week 17	Similar	Percentage of visits is similar compared to previous week and lower compared to same period in the 2016/17 season	
Week 17 Overall Assessment April 22 to April 28, 2018		Reported Activity Level: Localized	
	Similar	9 new cases of Flu A reported 6 new cases of Flu B reported	

Predominant Influenza Strains: Influenza A (H3N2), Influenza B\Phuket (Yamagata lineage)

Notes: Reported activity level is based on the weekly submission of Appendix C to Public Health Ontario. Definition available here.

*Compared to previous <u>surveillance week</u> † Reported for week 16

Reported Local Influenza Cases

In Simcoe Muskoka, there have been **940 lab-confirmed influenza cases reported** as of 2 May 2018; 15 (2%) of which were reported in week 17 – this was lower compared to week 16.

Of the 564 reported influenza A cases, only 210 have been subtyped:

- 193/210 (92%) are influenza A, H3 strain
- 17/210 (8%) are influenza A, H1N1 pdm09

Lab-confirmed Influenza Cases	Week 17		Season-to-Date			
	N	%	N	%		
Influenza A	9	60%	564	60%		
Influenza B	6	40%	376	40%		
Influenza A & B	0	0%	0	0%		
Total	15	100%	940	100%		
Notes: Data source: Communicable Disease Intake Database, extracted on May 02, 2018.						

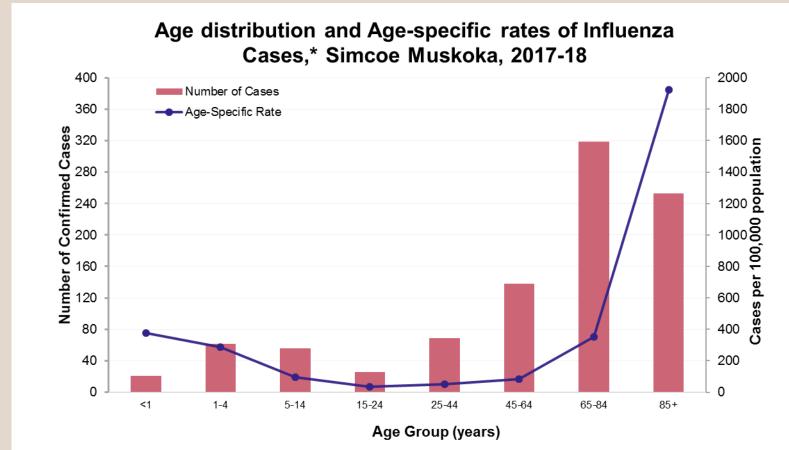
Table 1: Summary of influenza cases for 2017/18 season

Age Distribution

For the season-to-date, 60.8% of cases have been reported in individuals aged 65 and older. The corresponding agespecific rates are 353.8 cases per 100,000 population (65-84 years) and 1921.6 cases per 100,000 population (85+ years), respectively. While only 2.1% of cases were reported in the <1 years of age group, the age-specific rates is 374.6 cases per 100,000 population.

Median age of reported flu cases: 71 years

Figure 1: Number and Age-specific Rate of Influenza Cases by Age Group, Simcoe Muskoka, September 2017 to present

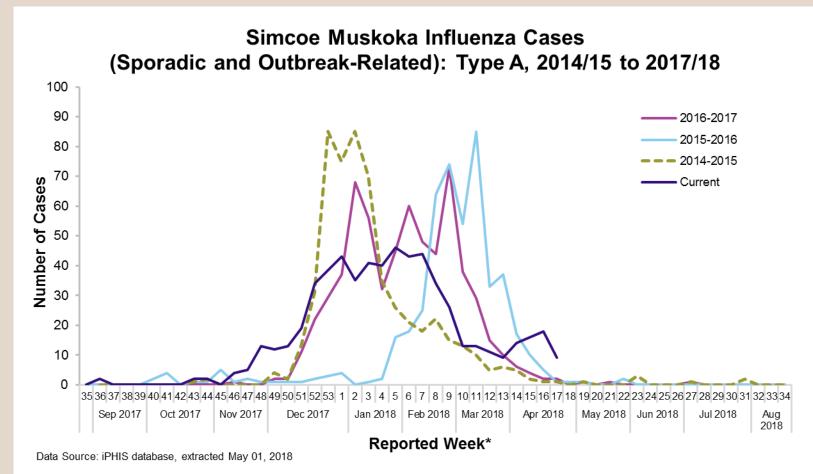


Data Source: CD Intake database, extracted May 01, 2018. Population Estimates, Intellihealth, extracted August 2017. Note: Population estimates are for 2016 for Simcoe Muskoka region.

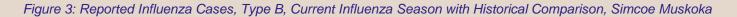
* Confirmed Cases

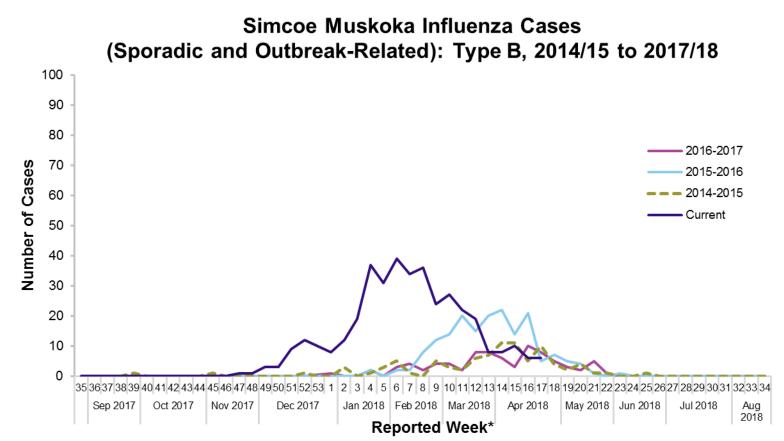
Historical Comparison

Figure 2: Reported Influenza Cases, Type A, Current Influenza Season with Historical Comparison, Simcoe Muskoka



*Case counts are based on reported date. Reported date is on average 7-10 days after onset date. For comparability between years, the surveillance week number is used in this graph. The alignment with the dates for the 2017-18 influenza season is provided for reference. Week 1 always corresponds with the week in which January 1 lands.





Data Source: iPHIS database, extracted May 01, 2018

*Case counts are based on reported date. Reported date is on average 7-10 days after onset date.

For comparability between years, the surveillance week number is used in this graph. The alignment with the dates for the 2017-18 influenza season is provided for reference. Week 1 always corresponds with the week in which January 1 lands.

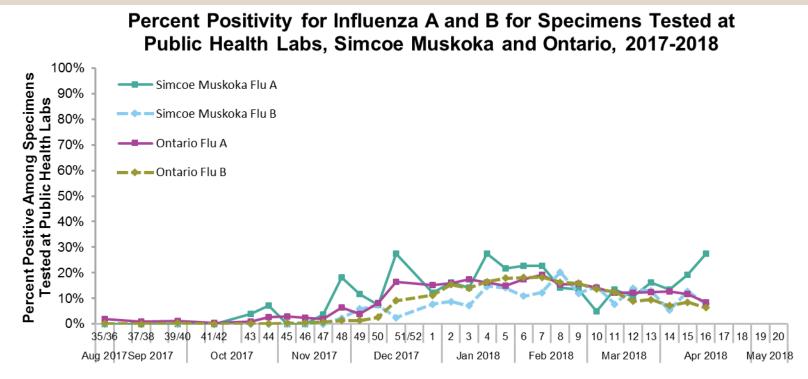
Percent positivity

Note: Percent positivity is reported with one week lag and does not included week 17.

The percentage of flu specimens that are positive (<u>percent positivity</u>) for Influenza A and Influenza B has peaked for the season. The provincial percent positivity for influenza A in week 16 was reported at 8.4%, which is lower compared to week 15. Influenza B percent positivity was reported at 6.3% for week 16.

Locally for week 16, percent positivity for influenza A was reported at 27.5%, while influenza B was 7.8%.

Figure 4: Percent Positivity, Influenza A & B, Simcoe Muskoka & Ontario, 2017/18



Specimen Submission Surveillance Week by Month

Data Source: Public Health Ontario Respiratory Pathogen Bulletin, extracted May 01, 2018

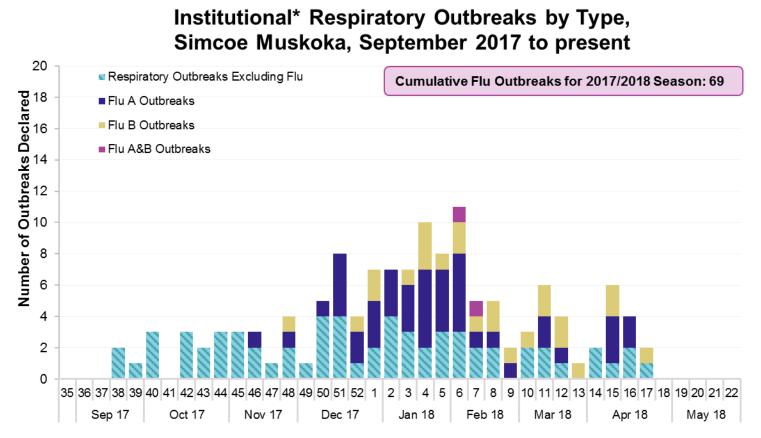
* Simcoe Muskoka percent positivity is based on relatively small numbers of positive tests and should be interpreted with caution. Data in this figure are reported with one week lag and do not include the most recently completed surveillance week.

Institutional Respiratory Outbreaks

There have been 69 lab-confirmed institutional flu outbreaks in Simcoe Muskoka since September 1, 2017:

- Influenza A: 43 outbreaks
- Influenza B: 24 outbreaks
- Influenza A and B: 2 outbreaks

Figure 5: Institutional Outbreaks by Respiratory Pathogen, Simcoe Muskoka, 2017/18



Outbreak Declaration Date/Surveillance Week

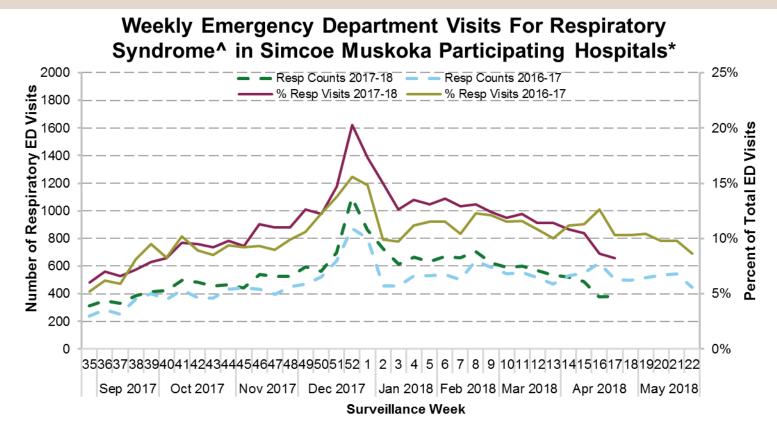
Data Source: SMDHU Outbreak Log, 2017-18, extracted May 01, 2018.

* Confirmed outbreaks. Institutions can include acute care facilities, long term care facilities, retirement homes and child care facilities.

Local Emergency Department Visits

Emergency department visits for respiratory syndrome in Simcoe Muskoka accounted for 8.2% of visits in week 17. This is similar compared to week 16, and lower compared to the same point in the 2016/17 season.

Figure 6: Emergency Department Visits for Respiratory Syndrome at Participating Simcoe Muskoka Hospital, 2016/17, 2017/18 Seasons



Data Source: Acute Care Enhanced Surveillance (ACES) System, extracted April 30, 2018

^A Respiratory syndrome is defined as "respiratory infection non croup, non bronchiolitis. Includes sore throat, cough, cold, ear infection, blocked ear, earache etc". This syndrome does not include influenza-like illness, which is "fever, myalgia, undifferentiated flu".
 *Participating hospitals are: RVH, OSMH, MAH (Bracebridge and Huntsville), GBGH and CGMH. Includes Simcoe Muskoka residents and visitors. As of Oct. 2016, an additional local hospital began feeding data to ACES; comparison of previous crude counts with the current counts should not be made.

The above data is provided through Acute Care Enhanced Surveillance (ACES), an emergency department (ED) syndromic surveillance system managed by <u>KFLA Public Health Informatics</u> for participating Ontario hospitals. Six hospitals participate in Simcoe Muskoka.

Vaccine Match and Influenza Strains

The trivalent 2017-2018 influenza vaccine contains the following strains:

- A/Michigan/45/2015 (H1N1)pdm09-like virus;
- A/Hong Kong/4801/2014 (H3N2)-like virus; and
- B/Brisbane/60/2008-like virus.

Table 2: Local, Provincial and National Matched and Mismatched Flu Specimens and National Match Percent, 2017-18

Influenza Strains	Number of Specimens with Strain Characterization Results		National Match			
	Ontario	Canada	Percent [†]			
Influenza A Vaccine Strains						
Influenza A (H3N2) A/Hong Kong/4801/2014-like	175	369	60%			
Influenza A (H1N1) A/Michigan/45/2015-like	102	247	40%			
Influenza B Vaccine Strains						
B/Brisbane/60/2008-like	10	69	4%			
B/Phuket/3073/13-like (Quad vaccine only)	640	1581	96%			

Data Source: Ontario and Canada Counts: Public Health Ontario Respiratory Pathogen Report, Table 7: Strain characterization completed on influenza isolates at the National Microbiology Laboratory Surveillance week 16, extracted May 2, 2018.

Provincial and national counts are reported with one week lag and do not include the most recently completed surveillance week. Surveillance weeks can be found <u>here</u>.

† Non-vaccine match strains are not reported. Percent match is based on antigenically similar strains. As of week 16, an additional 942 specimens did not grow to sufficient hemagglutination titers for antigenic characterization, but were found to be of the same genetic group as A/Hong Kong/4801/2014-like virus through sequence analysis.

Technical Notes

Definitions

<u>Percentage positivity</u>: the number of positive flu cases divided by the number of specimens tested at Public Health Ontario Labs

<u>Reported activity level</u>: the level of influenza activity that is reported to Public Health Ontario by Simcoe Muskoka, based on influenza cases and outbreaks. Definitions available <u>here</u>.

<u>Surveillance week</u>: The week number corresponding to the week of year, running Sunday to Saturday, inclusive, for reporting influenza activity. January 1 always falls within week 1. A list of the current season's surveillance weeks can be found <u>here</u>.

Limitations

Timeliness:

The provincial data are from one week previous because that is the most recent data available.

The hospital data, local counts of influenza, and outbreaks are current to date.

The number of cases listed in a given surveillance week may change as more information becomes available

Case-Follow-up and iPHIS Data Entry:

While Public Health Ontario only requires detailed information on every fifth case of influenza reported to SMDHU, the health unit investigates all hospitalized influenza cases in order to ensure accurate adverse outcomes and subtyping data is available.

Case Reporting:

Sporadic cases do not accurately describe all cases of influenza as those cases reported are skewed towards individuals more likely to seek medical care and be tested (e.g. young, elderly and immunocompromised).

Additional Resources

Simcoe Muskoka

- Influenza Fact Sheet
- Influenza HealthSTATS page

Provincial

- Ontario Respiratory Pathogen Bulletin
- Public Health Ontario Laboratory Respiratory Pathogen
 Surveillance Reports
- ILI Mapper

Week 16 Provincial Summary: For the 2017-2018 surveillance season to week 16, 17,744 laboratory-confirmed influenza cases have been reported across Ontario, 290 (1.6%) of which were reported in week 16. Among cumulative cases, 54.9% (9735/17744) were influenza A. Of the 2764 reported influenza A cases with subtype information available, 93.3% (2578/2764) were H3N2 and 6.7% (186/2764) were (H1N1)pdm09.

(Source: Public Health Ontario Respiratory Pathogen Bulletin, Surveillance Week 16, extracted May 2, 2018)

National

Public Health Agency of Canada FluWatch

International Resources

<u>WHO Global Influenza Surveillance and Response System</u>