Weekly Influenza News



Week 46: November 10 to November 16, 2019

Week in Review:

Influenza Activity Indicator	Assessment of Indicator*	Interpretation			
	Lower	0 local lab-confirmed case reported in week 46; 1 cases reported in week 45			
Percent Positive of Flu Specimens [†]	Similar	Simcoe Muskoka - flu A: 0.0%; flu B: 0.0% Ontario - flu A: 1.3%; flu B: 0.1%			
	Similar	No influenza outbreaks reported for the 2019-20 season to date.			
<u>Local Emergency Department</u> <u>respiratory visits: week 46</u>	Similar	Percentage of visits is similar to previous week and to same period for the 2018-19 season.			
Week 46 Overall Assessment November 10 to November 16, 2019		Reported Activity Level: No Activity			
	Lower	No cases of Flu A reported in SMDHU No Flu B activity reported in SMDHU			
Predominant Influenza Strains: Not available					

Notes: Reported activity level is based on the weekly submissions to Public Health Ontario. Definition available <u>here</u>.

^{*}Compared to previous surveillance week

[†] Reported for week 45

Reported Local Influenza Cases

In Simcoe Muskoka, there has been **three lab-confirmed influenza cases reported** as of 25 November 2019. No cases of influenza were reported in week 46.

Of the three reported influenza A cases, one has been subtyped as influenza A, H3 strain.

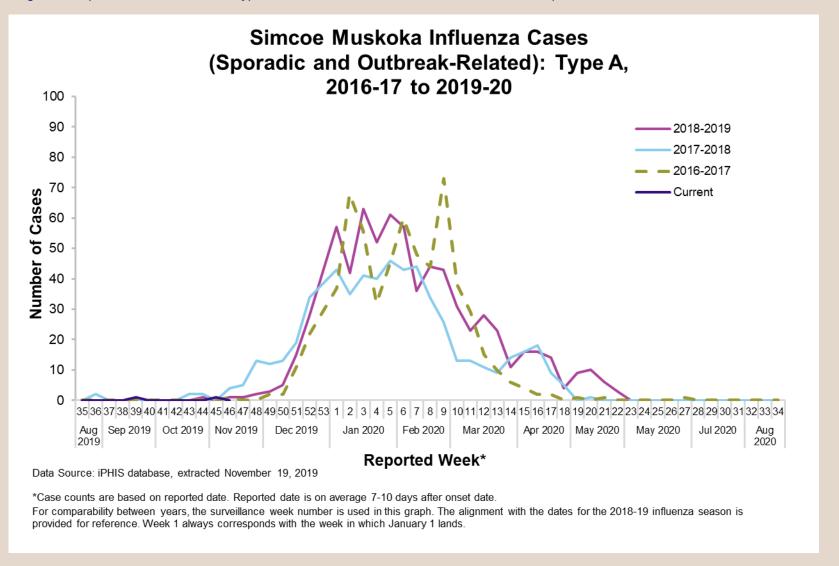
₱ Figure 1 and Figure 2 below provide historic comparisons

Table 1: Summary of influenza cases for 2019-20 season

Lab-confirmed Influenza Cases	Week 46		Season-to-Date		
	N	%	N	%	
Influenza A	0	0%	3	100%	
Influenza B	0	0%	0	0%	
Influenza A & B	0	0%	0	0%	
Total	0	0%	3	100%	
Notes: Data source: Communicable Disease Intake Database, extracted on November 5, 2019.					

Historical Comparison

Figure 1: Reported Influenza Cases, Type A, Current Influenza Season with Historical Comparison, Simcoe Muskoka



Simcoe Muskoka Influenza Cases (Sporadic and Outbreak-Related): Type B, 2016-17 to 2019-20 100 90 80 2018-2019 70 Number of Cases 2017-2018 2016-2017 60 Current 50 40 30 20 10 0 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1011 1213 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 Aug Sep 2019 Oct 2019 Nov 2019 Dec 2019 Jan 2020 Feb 2020 Mar 2020 Apr 2020 May 2020 May 2020 Jul 2020 Aug 2019 2020 Reported Week* Data Source: iPHIS database, extracted November 19, 2019 *Case counts are based on reported date. Reported date is on average 7-10 days after onset date. For comparability between years, the surveillance week number is used in this graph. The alignment with the dates for the 2018-19 influenza season is provided for reference. Week 1 always corresponds with the week in which January 1 lands.

Figure 2: Reported Influenza Cases, Type B, Current Influenza Season with Historical Comparison, Simcoe Muskoka

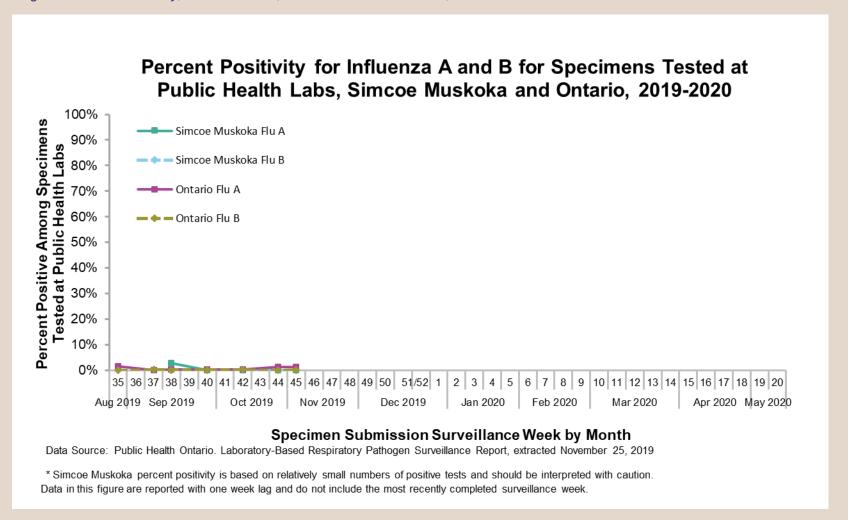
Percent positivity

Note: Percent positivity is reported with one week lag and does not included week 46.

The percentage of flu specimens that are positive (<u>percent positivity</u>) for Influenza A and Influenza B remains low. The provincial percent positivity for influenza A in week 45 was reported at 1.3%, which is similar when compared to week 44. Influenza B percent positivity was reported at 0.1% for week 45.

Locally percent positivity data was 0% for both flu A and flu B for week 45.

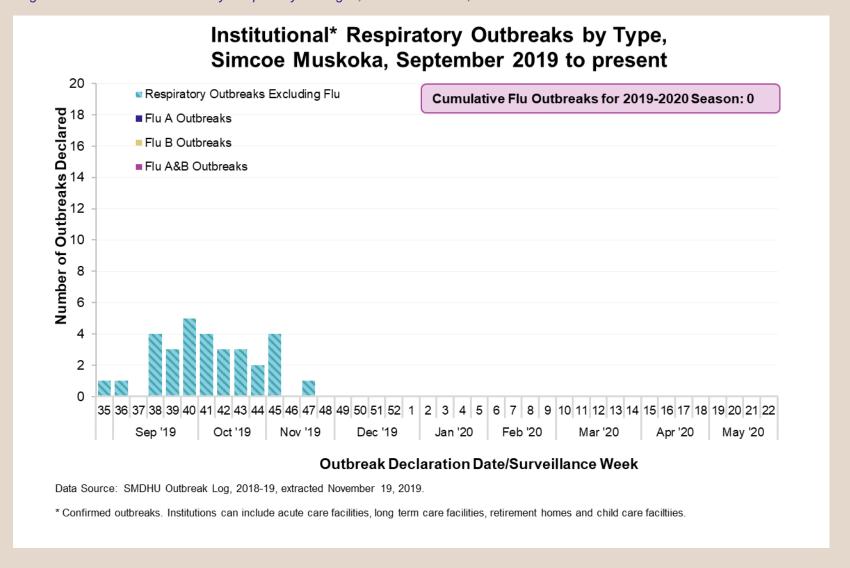
Figure 3: Percent Positivity, Influenza A & B, Simcoe Muskoka & Ontario, 2019-20



Institutional Respiratory Outbreaks

There have been no lab-confirmed institutional flu outbreaks in Simcoe Muskoka since September 1, 2019.

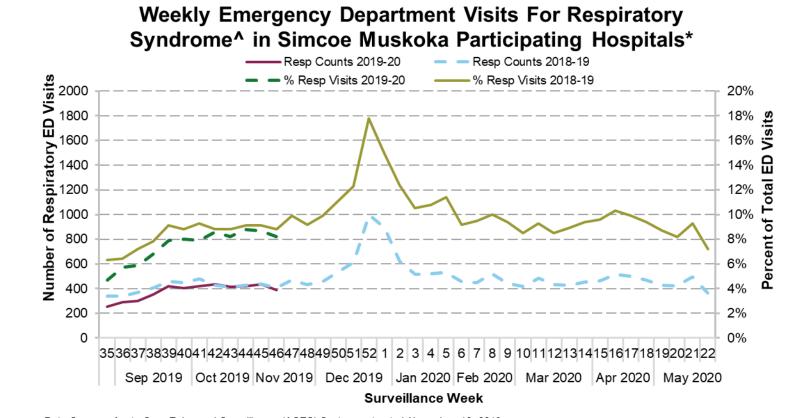
Figure 4: Institutional Outbreaks by Respiratory Pathogen, Simcoe Muskoka, 2019-20



Local Emergency Department Visits

Emergency department visits for respiratory syndrome in Simcoe Muskoka accounted for 8.2% of visits in week 46. This is similar when compared to week 45, and similar when compared to the same point in the 2018-19 season.

Figure 5: Emergency Department Visits for Respiratory Syndrome at Participating Simcoe Muskoka Hospitals, 2018-19, 2019-20 Seasons



Data Source: Acute Care Enhanced Surveillance (ACES) System, extracted November 18, 2019

Data is considered preliminary and subject to change.

The above data is provided through Acute Care Enhanced Surveillance (ACES), an emergency department (ED) syndromic surveillance system managed by KFLA Public Health Informatics for participating Ontario hospitals. Six hospitals participate in Simcoe Muskoka.

[^] Respiratory syndrome is defined as "respiratory infection non croup, non bronchiolitis. Includes sore throat, cough, cold, ear infection, blocked ear, earache etc". This syndrome does not include influenza-like illness, which is "fever, myalgia, undifferentiated flu".

^{*}Participating hospitals are: RVH, OSMH, MAH (Bracebridge and Huntsville), GBGH and CGMH. Includes Simcoe Muskoka residents and visitors.

Vaccine Match and Influenza Strains

The trivalent 2019-2020 influenza vaccine for the northern hemisphere contains the following strains:

- A/Kansas/14/2017(H3N2)-like;
- A/Brisbane/02/2018(H1N1)pdm09-like; and
- B/Colorado/06/2017-like virus (B/Victoria/2/87 lineage).

Table 2: Local, Provincial and National Matched and Mismatched Flu Specimens and National Match Percent, 2019-20

Influenza Strains	Number of Specimens with Strain Characterization Results		National Match	
	Ontario	Canada	Percent [†]	
Influenza A Vaccine Strains				
Influenza A (H3N2) A/Kansas/14/2017(H3N2)-like	3	8	26%	
Influenza A (H1N1) A/Brisbane/02/2018(H1N1)pdm09-like	2	6	19%	
B/Colorado/06/2017-like	3	8	100%	
B/Phuket/3073/2013-like virus (Quad vaccine only)	0	0	0%	

Data Source: Public Health Ontario. Laboratory-Based Respiratory Pathogen Surveillance Report – Week 45; Public Health Agency of Canada. Flu Watch – Week 45

Provincial and national counts are reported with one week lag and do not include the most recently completed surveillance week. Surveillance weeks can be found here (pg 9).

† Non-vaccine match strains are not reported. Match percent is calculated based on total isolates characterized for each of flu A and flu B. Match percent is based primarily on antigenically similar strains. Antigenic similarity may not be reflective of influenza vaccine effectiveness.

Technical Notes

Definitions

<u>Percentage positivity</u>: the number of positive flu cases divided by the number of specimens tested at Public Health Ontario Labs

Reported activity level: the level of influenza activity that is reported to Public Health Ontario by Simcoe Muskoka, based on influenza cases and outbreaks. Definitions available here (pg 9).

<u>Surveillance week</u>: The week number corresponding to the week of year, running Sunday to Saturday, inclusive, for reporting influenza activity. January 1 always falls within week 1. A list of the current season's surveillance weeks can be found here.

Limitations

Timeliness:

The provincial data are from one week previous because that is the most recent data available.

The hospital data, local counts of influenza, and outbreaks are current to date.

The number of cases listed in a given surveillance week may change as more information becomes available

Case-Follow-up and iPHIS Data Entry:

While Public Health Ontario only requires case information as provided by the laboratory report, the health unit investigates all outbreak cases, as information is available, in order to provide a more accurate local picture of adverse outcomes and subtyping.

Case Reporting:

Sporadic cases do not accurately describe all cases of influenza as those cases reported are skewed towards individuals more likely to seek medical care and be tested (e.g. young, elderly and immunocompromised).

Additional Resources

Simcoe Muskoka

- Influenza Fact Sheet
- Influenza HealthSTATS page

Provincial

- Ontario Respiratory Pathogen Bulletin
- Public Health Ontario Laboratory Respiratory Pathogen Surveillance Reports
- ILI Mapper

Week 45 Provincial Summary: For the 2019-2020 surveillance season to week 45, 92 laboratory-confirmed influenza cases have been reported across Ontario, 20 (21.7%) of which were reported in week 45. Among cumulative cases, 75.0% (69/92) were influenza A.

(Source: Public Health Ontario Respiratory Pathogen Bulletin, Surveillance Week 45, extracted November 5, 2019)

National

Public Health Agency of Canada FluWatch

International Resources

• WHO Global Influenza Surveillance and Response System