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Legionellosis Cluster in Orillia: Testing Recommendations and West Nile Virus Update

Attention: Physicians, Emergency Departments, Infection Control Practitioners, Walk-In Clinics/Urgent Care Clinics, Nurse Practitioners, NSM LHIN, Central LHIN

Date: October 8, 2019

The Simcoe Muskoka District Health Unit (SMDHU) is currently investigating a cluster of Legionellosis cases in the Orillia area. All cases were diagnosed during their hospitalization. Legionellosis is caused by the Legionella bacteria; most commonly associated with the strain Legionella pneumophila.

While the bacteria is commonly found in natural, freshwater environments, it can become a health concern in humanmade water systems (e.g., plumbing systems of large buildings, cooling towers, certain medical devices, decorative fountains) where conditions allow it to multiply and come in contact with vulnerable persons. People contract *Legionella* by inhaling aerosolized water droplets containing the bacteria, or, less commonly, by aspiration of contaminated drinking water. Fortunately, most people exposed to the bacteria do not become ill.

Legionellosis may present as one of the following illnesses:

- Legionnaires' Disease Symptoms include anorexia, malaise, myalgia, headache, productive cough, temperature > 39 degrees Celsius, pneumonia, confusion, chills, nausea, diarrhea; or
- **Pontiac Fever** Milder form of the illness without pneumonia. Symptoms include anorexia, malaise, myalgia, headache, productive cough, and temperature > 37.5 degrees Celsius.

Risk factors for developing Legionnaires' disease include:

- Age ≥50 years
- Smoking (current or historical)
- Chronic lung disease, such as emphysema or COPD
- Immune system disorders due to disease or medication
- Systemic malignancy
- Underlying illness, such as diabetes, renal failure, or hepatic failure

If you are investigating patients with these symptoms, please consider Legionellosis as a potential diagnosis.

Signs and symptoms for Legionellosis disease are similar to pneumonia caused by other pathogens; the only way to tell if a pneumonia patient has Legionellosis is by specific diagnostic testing either:

- Detection of L. pneumophila serogroup 1 antigen in urine; or
- Positive Legionella culture from a lower respiratory tract specimen (i.e. sputum).

Subscribe to urgent health email communications (E.g. Health Fax) by registering at www.smdhu.org/ehealthfax

SMDHU is requesting that clinicians order, where possible, both a culture of a lower respiratory specimen (such as sputum) and a urinary antigen test when testing patients for Legionellosis. The sputum culture aids us in our epidemiological investigation of possible source(s) for the cluster.

Serological (blood) assays can be nonspecific and are not recommended in most situations. Sputum should ideally be obtained prior to antibiotic administration, but antibiotic treatment should not be delayed to facilitate this process.

A unique investigation code has been created and can be included on the requisition: **SMD-2019-002**. Note that the respiratory specimen is to be sent to the Public Health Ontario lab (Appendix: Public Health Ontario – General Test Requisition).

Further information on Legionellosis and testing can be found at the <u>Public Health Ontario website</u>. More information about Legionellosis in general can also be found <u>here</u> on the SMDHU website.

West Nile Virus Update (WNV)

To date this year, there has been one confirmed case of WNV within SMDHU. This was likely locally acquired within Simcoe County. As of September 28, 2019, 10 probable and confirmed human cases were reported in Ontario. This is lower than what was reported for the same time frame last year.

SMDHU will continue to monitor WNV surveillance data and will notify community partners if trends demonstrate a notable increase in activity. It is important to note that 80% of infected cases are asymptomatic.

Healthcare providers are required to report suspected and/ or confirmed cases to the SMDHU for follow-up. If you have any questions, please contact the Infectious Diseases Team at 705-721-7520 ext. 8809.



Date received

yyyy / mm / dd

PHOL No.

General Test Requisition

ALL Sections of this Form MUST be Completed

1 - Submitter 2 - Patient Information			
Courier Code	Health No.	Sex	Date of Birth: yyyy / mm / dd
Provide Return Address:	Medical Record No.		
Name Address	Patient's Last Name (per OHIP card)		First Name (per OHIP card)
City & Province Postal Code	Patient Address		
	Postal Code Patient Phone No.		
Clinician Initial / Surname and OHIP / CPSO Number	Submitter Lab No.		
 Tel: Fax:	Public Health Unit Outbreak No.		
cc Doctor Information	Public Health Investigator Information		
Name:Tel:	Name:		
Lab/Clinic Name: Fax: CPSO #:	Health Unit:		
Address: Postal Code:	Tel: Fax:		
3 - Test(s) Requested (Please see descriptions on reverse) Test: Enter test descriptions below	Hepatitis Serology Reason for test (Check (<) only one box): Immune status Acute infection Chronic infection Indicate specific viruses (Check (<) all that apply): Hepatitis A Hepatitis B Hepatitis C (testing only available for acute or chronic infection; no test for determining immunity to HCV is currently available)		
 4 - Specimen Type and Site blood / serum faeces nasopharyngeal sputum urine vaginal smear urethral cervix BAL other - (specify) 	Patient Setting physician office/clinic ER (no inpatient (ward) inpatient		
5 - Reason for Test			
diagnostic immune status needle stick follow-up prenatal chronic condition immunocompromised yyyy / mm / dd post-mortem other - (specify)	Clinical Information fever gastroenteritis STI headache / stiff ne pregnant encephalitis / meni jaundice other - (specify) influenza high risk - (specify)	ingitis	 respiratory symptoms vesicular rash maculopapular rash

For HIV, please use the HIV serology form. - For referred cultures, please use the reference bacteriology form. To re-order this test requisition contact your local Public Health Laboratory and ask for form number F-SD-SCG-1000. Current version of Public Health Laboratory requisitions are available at www.publichealthontario.ca/requisitions The personal health information is collected under the authority of the Personal Health Information Protection Act, s.36 (1)(c)(iii) for the purpose of clinical laboratory testing. If you have questions about the collection of this personal health information please contact the PHOL Manager of Customer Service at 416-235-6556 or toll free 1-877-604-4567. F-SD-SCG-1000 (08/2013)

