Influenza Immunization Challenge Recognition Event May 7: 1045-1130

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Conflict of Interest

NONE-ALTHOUGH ALL PAEDIATRICIANS ARE BIASED TOWARDS IMMUNIZATION

HOWEVER I DO WANT YOU TO STAY AWAKE SO THERE WILL BE A QUIZ DURING THE TALK

How it began Audit of Influenza Vaccination in the **Regional Paediatric Asthma Clinic (RPAC)** with comparisons of outcomes over the Influenza Season 2012-2013

Purpose

 To audit the compliance of paediatric asthma patients with Influenza Vaccination during the 2012-2013 influenza season and assess relevant asthma related outcomes

BACKGROUND

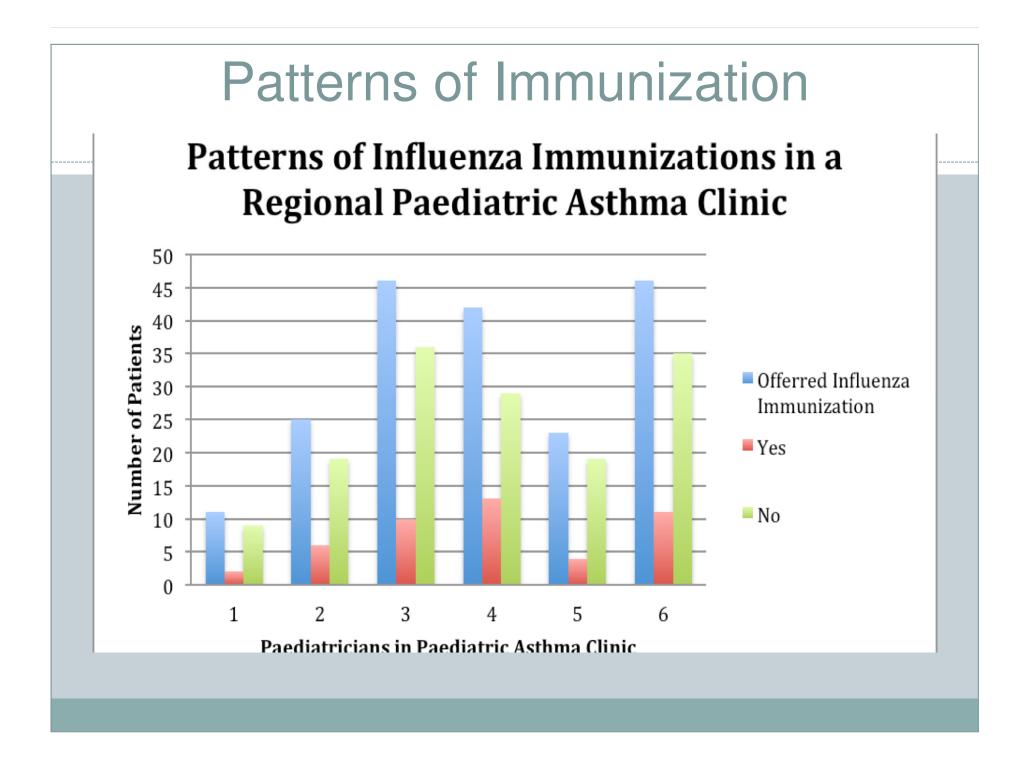
- The recommendation for Influenza Vaccination indicates that all children > 6 months of age be immunized, specifically children with asthma are highlighted in the recommendations.
- As a routine the six paediatricians and the Certified Asthma Educators in the clinic discuss the need for influenza vaccination on each visit prior to the onset and during the influenza season.

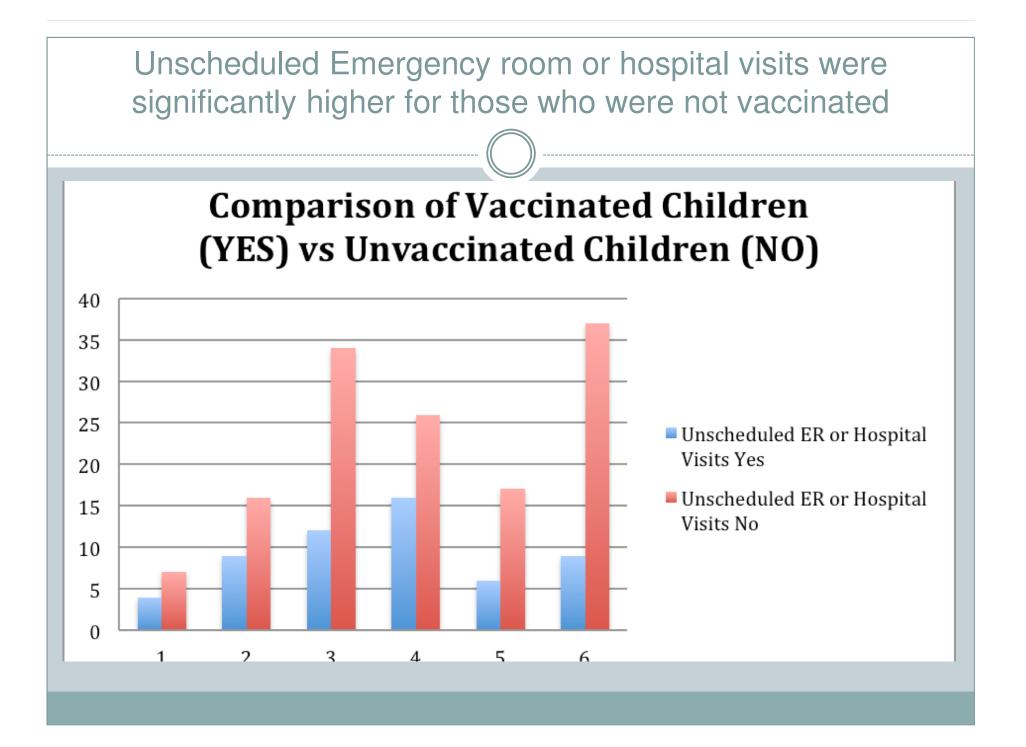
Method

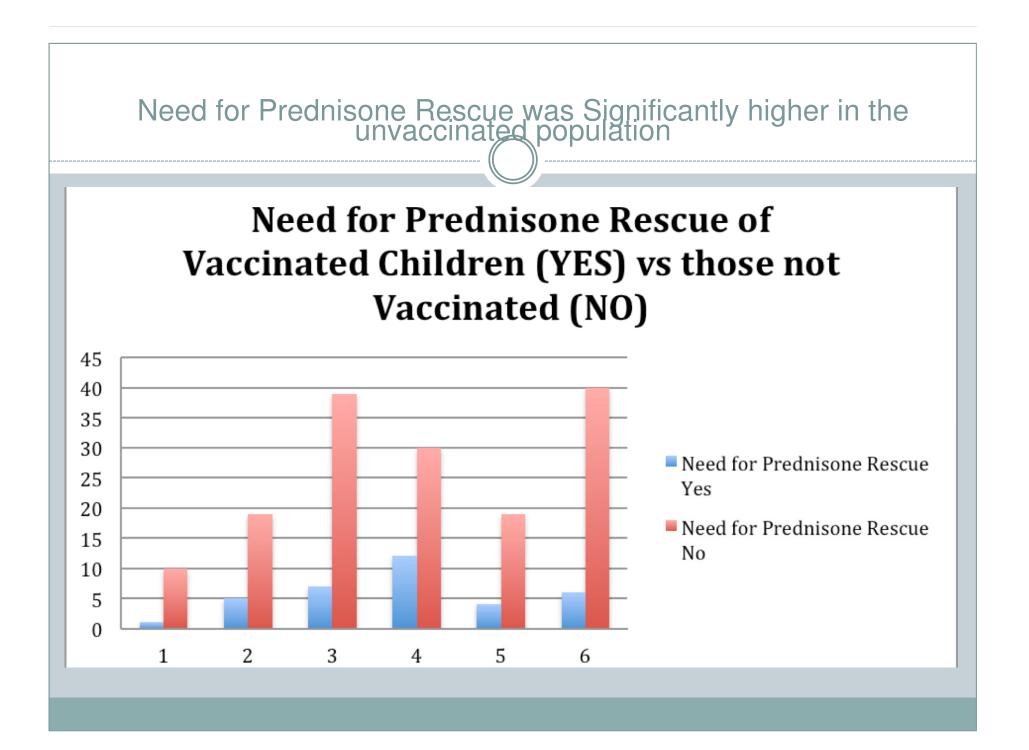
- An audit of consecutive patients during the influenza season was undertaken.
- Specifically a preset information data sheet was used to collect information: subject number, chart number, attending paediatrician (Numbered1-6), age in years, influenza shot received (Y/N), unscheduled ER/hospital visits (Y/N), prednisone required (Y/N), antibiotics prescribed for illness (Y/N)

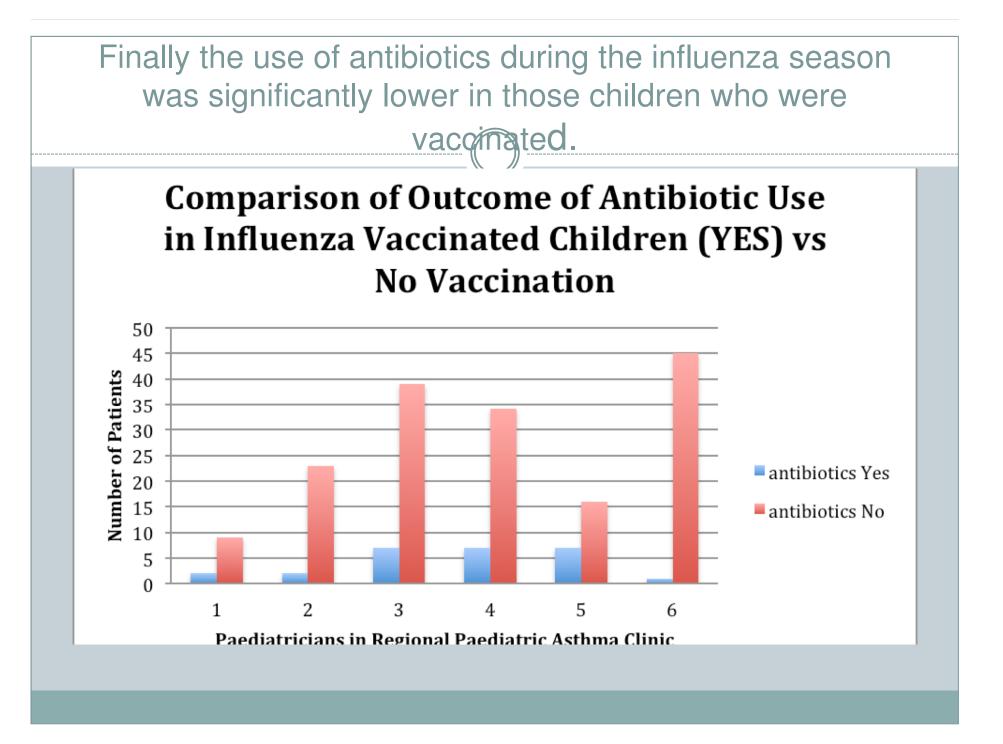
Results

- A total of 193 patients were audited.
- Of the total, 24% received the influenza vaccination.
- Although different numbers of patients were present in each of the paediatrician's caseload the percent receiving vaccination was similar.









Conclusions

- Despite significant efforts on the part of physicians and asthma educators only a small number of children in this high-risk group were vaccinated during this period of time.
- Outcome measures specifically directed towards asthma morbidity were significantly increased in the unvaccinated population.
- This led us to consider what were the barriers to influenza immunization in our hospital

Influenza Immunization in a Community Hospital **What are the Barriers?**

W. GARY SMITH PROGRAM MEDICAL DIRECTOR (WITH ASSISTANCE FROM SUE SURRY AND LISA SIMON ASSOCIATE MEDICAL OFFICERS OF HEALTH)

Objective

- 1) To survey health care workers (HCWs) in the 5 areas of the hospital that are part of medical directors portfolio:
- Did the respondent have/have not the flu vaccine
- What were their reasons for their actions
- What is their job description i.e. MD,RN,RPN clerical, other
- 2) Analyze themes with responses and comment
- 3) Present results

Background

- Influenza affects 10-25% of Canadians each year, and 20-35% of children
- 20,000 hospitalization and 2,000-8,000 deaths/yr
- Influenza causes the highest number of deaths among vaccine preventable diseases
- Our patients are among the most vulnerable
- Vaccination protects HCWs and is the most effective way to reduce the impact of influenza among HCWs and patients
- HCW vaccination rates fall considerably below public health target of 90% (usually around 50%).

Background

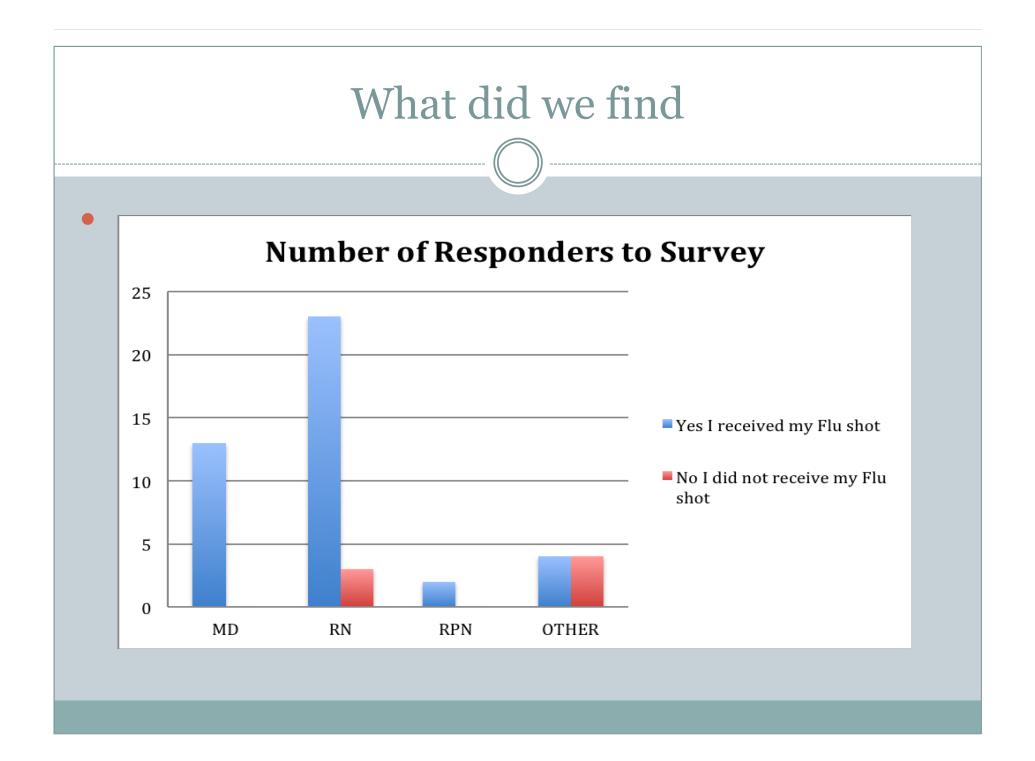
- Influenza viral infection: sudden onset of fever, headache, malaise, myalgia and cough
- Remember not all viral infections in winter are influenza i.e. I still got sick this winter even though I got the shot
- Usually children recover 3-7 days
- However: encephalitis, myocarditis, secondary bacterial infection

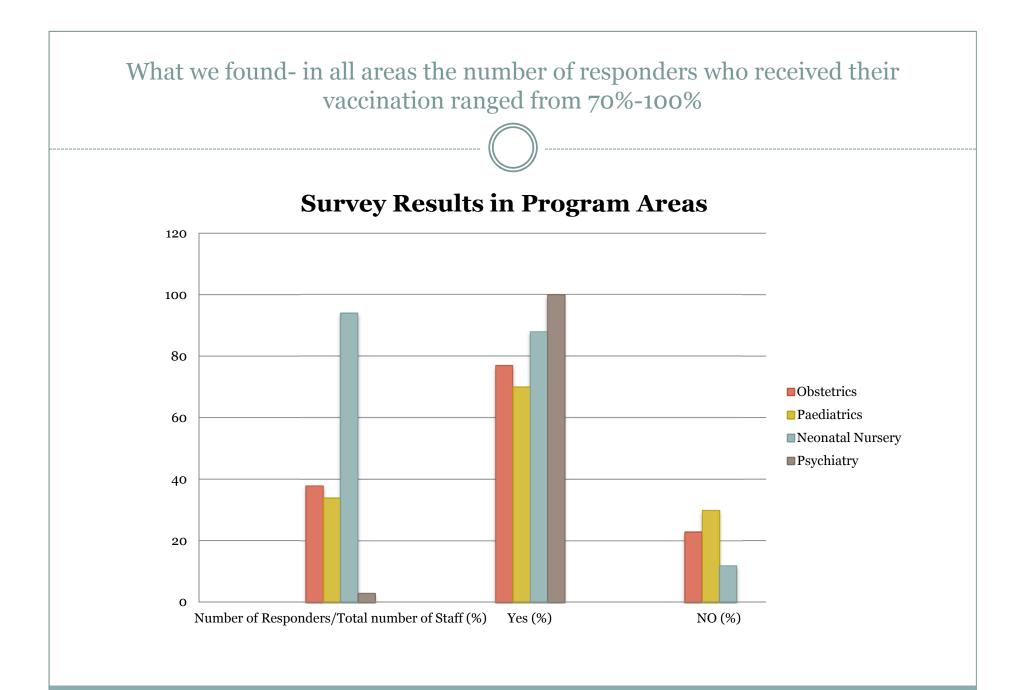
The BUG

- Orthomyxovirus A,B,C
- Epidemics=A,B, both included in vaccine
- A is further classified into hemagglutinin (HA) and neuraminidase (NA) [i.e. H1N1]
- Spread by droplets(coughing, sneezing) and by droplet contaminated surfaces
- Highest attack rates in school aged children
- Infectious 24 hr prior to symptoms

Why examine this

- Community outbreak during 2012-2013 season
- Hospital policy that any HCW who did not have vaccination needed to wear a mask
- I was surprised with how many people were wearing masks
- ?What were the barriers to getting the vaccine
- Put out ballot boxes for 10 days in each of the areas (Paeds,NICU, Obs,Psych and MD mailbox area)
- Information was anonymous, no identifying information except profession





OSMH Influeza Vaccination Data 2012/2013

12-Aug-13

Department Name	Total Number of Staff	Staff Vaccinated	Percent
OBS	38	22	57.89%
NICU	18	17	94.44%
Paediatrics	21	15	71.43%
Psychiatry	34	23	67.65%

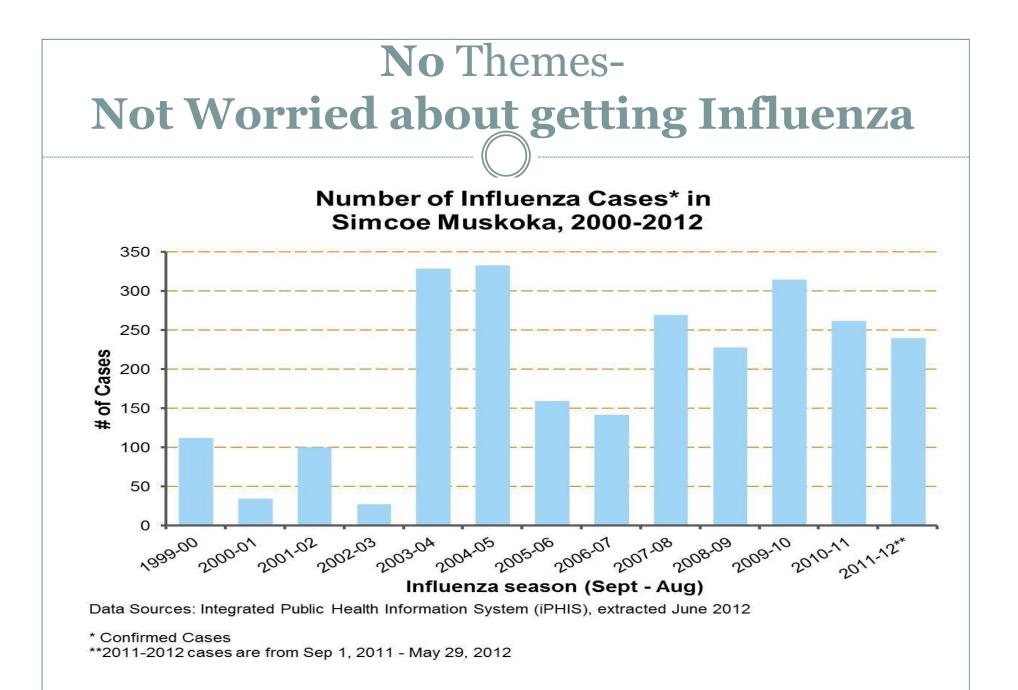
Yes Themes

- Protect myself, my family and my patients
- Having seen patients with Influenza –I don't want it
- Got it because I don't want to wear mask
- Was bullied/pressured to get shot by hospital

Bullied?

- Definition: Bullying may be defined as the activity of repeated, aggressive behavior intended to hurt another person, physically or mentally
- According to the Workplace Bullying and Trauma Institute- workplace bullying is "repeated, healthharming mistreatment, verbal abuse, or conduct which is threatening, humiliating, intimidating or sabotage that interferes with work, or some combination of the three"
- Mask wearing was not meant to be punitive rather was another measure to protect patients
- Hard to place a request for protection of patients in the arena of bullying

No Themes • Three main areas: Not worried about getting the flu •Worried about what is in the flu shot Philosophically object to process



No Themes-Not Worried about getting Influenza

- In Canada in 2012-2013 it is estimated that 31,000 people got the flu
- Estimated deaths in Canada is 4,000 per year
- Healthy people die of the flu and children are most vulnerable
- The body cannot naturally protect against the various strains of Influenza that come out seasonally

No Themes-**Worried about what is in the vaccine**

- **People get the flu from the vaccine**: The trivalent flu shot is an inactivated, killed, non-infectious virus and therefore cannot give you the flu.
- **Egg Allergy**: the flu vaccine is grown in embryonated chicken eggs and contains residual amounts of ova-albumin (<1.2mcg/ml)
- Recent study+American College of Allergy + American Academy of Paediatrics + NACI indicates that even anaphylactic to egg children can have the vaccine but should be observed for 30 min post injection

No Themes (continued)

• Risk of Alzheimers:

- Most formulations contain trace amounts of formaldehyderemember that the human body also has formaldehyde—an infant's body has 10 times the amount that is in the vaccine
- Concern linked to Thimerasol
- WHO and others= no risk
- Note thimerasal contains ethyl mercury, not methyl mercury
- Thimerasol phased out of vaccines in USA to quell public concern
- Canadian study showed a reduced risk of Alzheimers with Flu vaccine

NO themes (Continued)

- Risk of Guillain Barre Syndrome:
- Annual incidence is 1-2.3/100,000 people
- Has been linked to infectious triggers (including influenza infection)
- Risk with influenza infection =4-7 cases/100,000 influenza <u>Infections</u>
- Has been associated with vaccination especially 1976 swine flu vaccine
- Risk of GBS following influenza <u>infection</u> is 40-70 x greater than the postulated risk following <u>vaccination</u>

NO Themes **Philosophically Object to Process**

- Don't want foreign chemicals in my body:
- Children can respond to about 10,000 different antigens at any one time
- Bacteria and viruses expose a child to large numbers of antigens at once—far more than are found in vaccines.
- We routinely ingest foreign material which is absorbed into our bodies i.e. coffee=sugar,cream,sweetener, caffeine.
 A personal anecdote -scotch -single malt from the foreign land of Scotland

However I understand that for many this is a belief .(**Belief** is the psychological state in which an individual holds a conjecture or premise to be true.). Beliefs cannot be changed with knowledge transfer

NO Themes (continued)

- Shot is not good enough:
- Efficacy and effectiveness of vaccine in children is 59-82%
- Vaccination of HCW decreases morbidity and all cause mortality among patients
- Physicians recommend against it:
- The author spoke to the physician who was identified. This physician does not advise against the shot—he merely discusses the issue that the shot is at times not that effective depending on the match. He has absolutely no safety concerns

No Themes Continued

 Had recent unknown autoimmune disease and am wary:

A reasonable precaution until etiology is evident

- Long Term safety risks:
- No identified risks long term from vaccines and specifically none from Influenza

National Advisory Committee on immunization (2013)

• "In the the absence of contraindications, refusal of HCW's who have direct patient contact to be immunized against influenza implies failure in their duty of care to patients"