Surface Disinfectionwith Chlorine (Bleach)

For child care centres



Disinfection is the process of destroying germs on surfaces and objects. Cleaning must occur before bleach disinfection, or the bleach won't work.

Steps to follow:

- 1. Clean the area to be disinfected with soap and water then allow to dry.
- 2. Wet the affected area with mixed bleach/water solution and ensure the area **remains wet** for the required contact time noted below.

Reminders:

- Prepare fresh bleach solutions daily—add bleach to water. Solutions are based on the use of 5.25% bleach (sodium hypochlorite).
- To prepare other concentrations of bleach please use the chlorine dilution calculator provided by Public Health Ontario.

Note: For solutions greater than 200 ppm chlorine, a clean water rinse must be used following disinfection.

| When to use | Concentration | Recipe | Contact time* | Surfaces | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|---|---------------|---|---|
| Every day no rinse | 200 ppm | Add 1 teaspoon (5 mL) of bleach to 4 cups (1 L) of water | 2 minutes | Food contact surfaces | |
| Every day rinse required | 1000 ppm | Add 4 teaspoons (20 mL) of bleach to 4 cups (1 L) of water | 5 minutes | Chairs Tables Countertops Door handles Bathroom surfaces Light switches | Toys Diaper change tables Cots Sensory bins Shelving Vinyl covers Play mats |
| Blood/Body Fluids rinse required | 5000 ppm | Add 20 teaspoons (100 milliliters) of bleach to 4 cups (1 litre) of water | 10 minutes | Affected area / All surfaces | |

ppm = parts per million (used to describe concentrations)

mL - millilitres

L = litres

During times of increased illnesses and/or outbreak, use of 5000 ppm is recommended.