# Weekly Influenza News



# Week 51: December 17 to December 23, 2017

#### Week in Review:

Influenza Activity Indicator	Assessment of Indicator*	Interpretation			
	Higher	28 local lab-confirmed case reported in week 51; 16 cases reported in week 50			
<b>Percent Positive of Flu Specimens</b> <sup>†</sup>	Higher	Simcoe Muskoka: - flu A (7.4%); flu B (7.4%) Ontario: - flu A (8.1%); flu B (2.6%)			
	Higher	Four institutional influenza outbreaks were declared in week 51. Eleven influenza outbreaks reported for the season to date.			
<u>Local Emergency Department</u> <u>respiratory visits: week 51</u>	Higher	Percentage of visits is higher compared to previous week; similar to same period in the 2016/17 season			
Week 51 Overall Assessment December 17 to December 23, 2017		Reported Activity Level: Localized			
	Higher	19 cases of Flu A reported in SMDHU. Nine cases of Flu B reported in SMDHU.			
Predominant Influenza Strains: Influenza A (H3)					

 $\textbf{Notes:} \ \ \text{Reported activity level is based on the weekly submission of } \underline{\text{Appendix C}} \ \ \text{to Public Health Ontario.} \ \ \underline{\text{Definition available }} \underline{\text{here}}.$ 

<sup>\*</sup>Compared to previous surveillance week

<sup>†</sup> Reported for week 50

# **Reported Local Influenza Cases**

In Simcoe Muskoka, there have been 116 **lab-confirmed influenza cases reported** as of 27 December 2017; 28 (24.1%) of which were reported in week 51 – this was higher when compared to week 50.

Of the 93 reported influenza A cases, only 24 have been subtyped:

- 22/24 (91.7%) are influenza A, H3 strain
- 2/24 (8.3%) is influenza A, H1N1 pdm09

Figure 1 and Figure 2 below provide historic comparisons

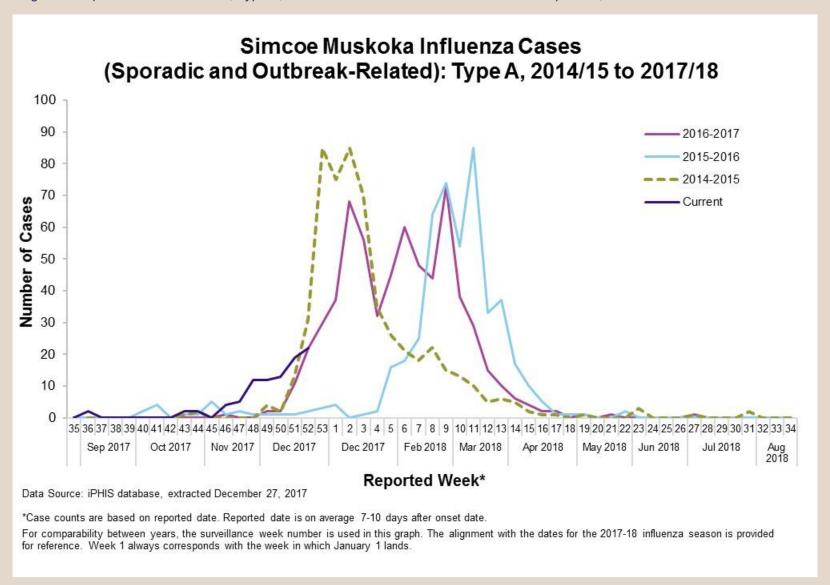
Table 1: Summary of influenza cases for 2017/18 season

Lab-confirmed Influenza Cases	Week 51		Season-to-Date	
	N	%	N	%
Influenza A	19	68%	93	80%
Influenza B	9	32%	23	20%
Influenza A & B	0	0%	0	0%
Total	28	100%	116	100%
Notes:				

Data source: Communicable Disease Intake Database, extracted on December 27, 2017.

# **Historical Comparison**

Figure 1: Reported Influenza Cases, Type A, Current Influenza Season with Historical Comparison, Simcoe Muskoka



Simcoe Muskoka Influenza Cases (Sporadic and Outbreak-Related): Type B, 2014/15 to 2017/18 100 90 80 2016-2017 70 Numbert of Cases 2015-2016 2014-2015 60 Current 50 40 30 20 10

Figure 2: Reported Influenza Cases, Type B, Current Influenza Season with Historical Comparison, Simcoe Muskoka

Data Source: iPHIS database, extracted December 27, 2017

Oct 2017

Sep 2017

Nov 2017

Dec 2017

For comparability between years, the surveillance week number is used in this graph. The alignment with the dates for the 2017-18 influenza season is provided for reference. Week 1 always corresponds with the week in which January 1 lands.

Dec 2017

Reported Week\*

Feb 2018 | Mar 2018

Apr 2018

May 2018 Jun 2018

0

Jul 2018

Aug 2018

<sup>\*</sup>Case counts are based on reported date. Reported date is on average 7-10 days after onset date.

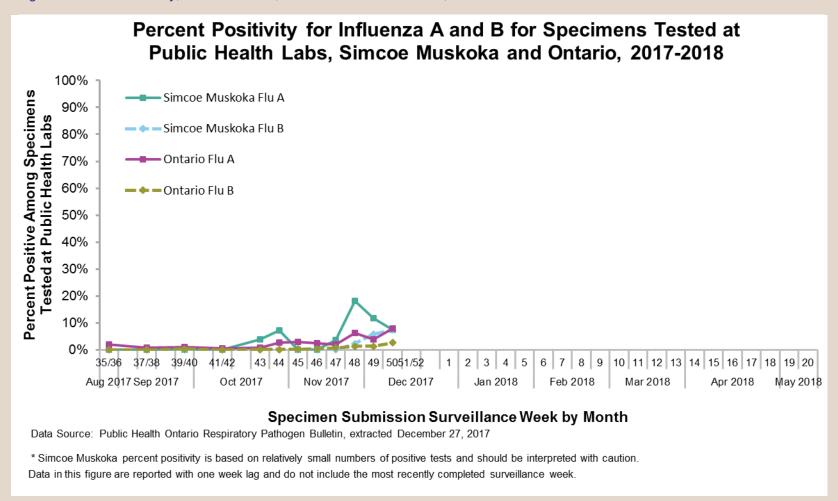
# **Percent positivity**

Note: Percent positivity is reported with one week lag and does not included week 51. Percent positivity is reported for week 50.

The percentage of flu specimens that are positive (<u>percent positivity</u>) for Influenza A is increasing for the season. The provincial percent positivity for influenza A in week 50 was reported at 8.1%, which is higher compared to week 49. Influenza B percent positivity was reported at 2.6% for week 50.

Locally for week 50, percent positivity for influenza A was reported at 7.4%, while influenza B was also 7.4%.

Figure 3: Percent Positivity, Influenza A & B, Simcoe Muskoka & Ontario, 2017/18

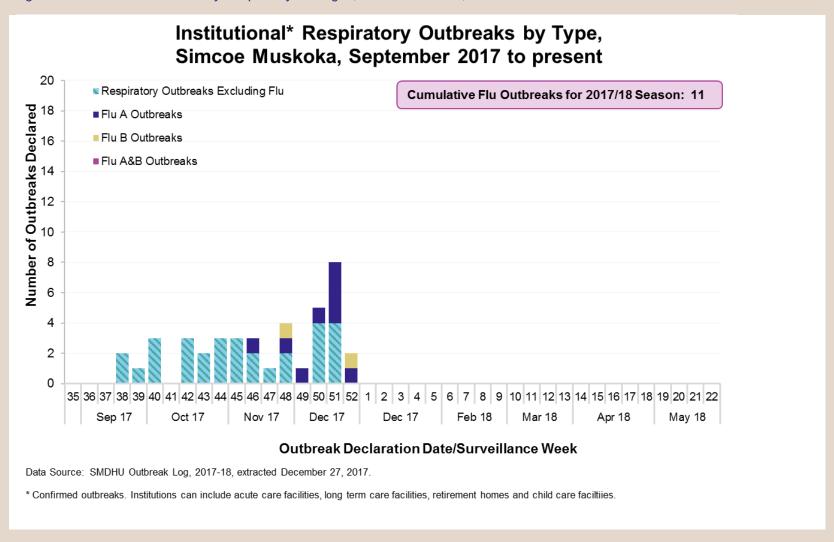


# **Institutional Respiratory Outbreaks**

There have been eleven lab-confirmed institutional flu outbreak in Simcoe Muskoka since September 1, 2017:

- Influenza A: nine outbreaks
- Influenza B: two outbreaks

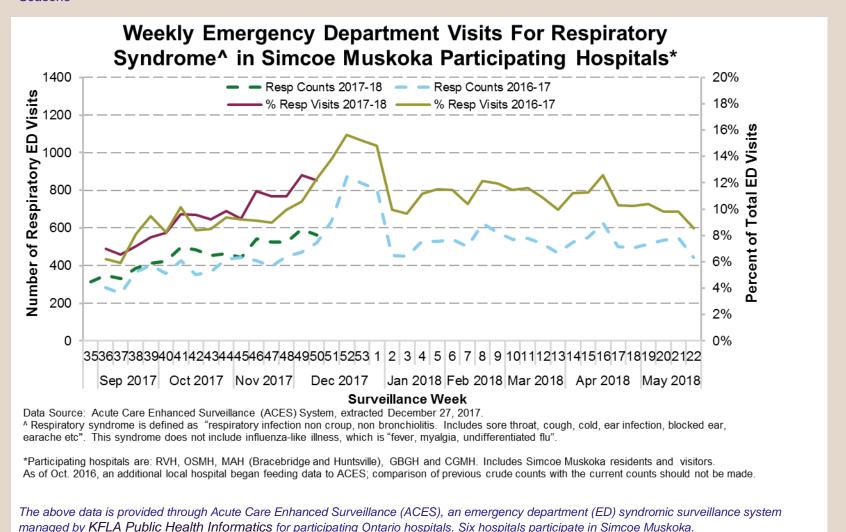
Figure 4: Institutional Outbreaks by Respiratory Pathogen, Simcoe Muskoka, 2017/18



# **Local Emergency Department Visits**

Emergency department visits for respiratory syndrome in Simcoe Muskoka accounted for 14.7% of visits in week 51. This is higher compared to week 50, and similar compared to the same point in the 2016/17 season.

Figure 5: Emergency Department Visits for Respiratory Syndrome at Participating Simcoe Muskoka Hospital, 2016/17, 2017/18 Seasons



#### **Vaccine Match and Influenza Strains**

The trivalent 2017-2018 influenza vaccine contains the following strains:

- A/Michigan/45/2015 (H1N1)pdm09-like virus;
- A/Hong Kong/4801/2014 (H3N2)-like virus; and
- B/Brisbane/60/2008-like virus.

Table 2: Local, Provincial and National Matched and Mismatched Flu Specimens and National Match Percent, 2017-18

Influenza Strains	Number of Specimens with Strain Characterization Results		National Match	
	Ontario	Canada	Percent <sup>†</sup>	
Influenza A Vaccine Strains				
Influenza A (H3N2) A/Hong Kong/4801/2014-like	15	32	74%	
Influenza A (H1N1) A/Michigan/45/2015-like	9	11	26%	
Influenza B Vaccine Strains				
B/Brisbane/60/2008-like	1	4	9%	
B/Phuket/3073/13-like (Quad vaccine only)	14	39	91%	

**Data Source:** Ontario and Canada Counts: Public Health Ontario Respiratory Pathogen Report, Table 7: Strain characterization completed on influenza isolates at the National Microbiology Laboratory Surveillance week 50, extracted December 27, 2017.

Provincial and national counts are reported with one week lag and do not include the most recently completed surveillance week. Surveillance weeks can be found <a href="https://example.com/here">here</a>.

† Non-vaccine match strains are not reported. Percent match is based on antigenically similar strains. As of week 50, an additional 100 specimens did not grow to sufficient hemagglutination titers for antigenic characterization, but were found to be of the same genetic group as A/Hong Kong/4801/2014-like virus through sequence analysis.

# **Technical Notes**

#### **Definitions**

<u>Percentage positivity</u>: the number of positive flu cases divided by the number of specimens tested at Public Health Ontario Labs

Reported activity level: the level of influenza activity that is reported to Public Health Ontario by Simcoe Muskoka, based on influenza cases and outbreaks. Definitions available here.

<u>Surveillance week</u>: The week number corresponding to the week of year, running Sunday to Saturday, inclusive, for reporting influenza activity. January 1 always falls within week 1. A list of the current season's surveillance weeks can be found here.

#### Limitations

#### Timeliness:

The provincial data are from one week previous because that is the most recent data available.

The hospital data, local counts of influenza, and outbreaks are current to date.

The number of cases listed in a given surveillance week may change as more information becomes available

#### Case-Follow-up and iPHIS Data Entry:

While Public Health Ontario only requires detailed information on every fifth case of influenza reported to SMDHU, the health unit investigates all hospitalized influenza cases in order to ensure accurate adverse outcomes and subtyping data is available.

#### Case Reporting:

Sporadic cases do not accurately describe all cases of influenza as those cases reported are skewed towards individuals more likely to seek medical care and be tested (e.g. young, elderly and immunocompromised).

# Additional Resources

• Influenza Fact Sheet

Simcoe Muskoka

Influenza HealthSTATS page

#### **Provincial**

- Ontario Respiratory Pathogen Bulletin
- Public Health Ontario Laboratory Respiratory Pathogen
   Surveillance Reports
- ILI Mapper

Week 50 Provincial Summary: For the 2017-2018 surveillance season to week 50, 566 laboratory-confirmed influenza cases have been reported across Ontario, 147 (26%) of which were reported in week 50. Among cumulative cases, 76.0% (430/566) were influenza A. Of the 165 reported influenza A cases with subtype information available, 87.3% (144/165) were H3N2 and 12.7% (21/165) were (H1N1)pdm09.

(Source: Public Health Ontario Respiratory Pathogen Bulletin, Surveillance Week 50, extracted December 27, 2017)

#### **National**

Public Health Agency of Canada FluWatch

#### **International Resources**

WHO Global Influenza Surveillance and Response System