Weekly Influenza News



Week 12: March 19 - March 25, 2017

Week in Review:

Influenza Activity Indicator	Assessment of Indicator*	Interpretation	
® Reported cases	Lower	23 local lab-confirmed case reported in week 12; 31 cases reported in week 11	
Percent Positive of Flu Specimens	Similar [†]	Simcoe Muskoka: - flu A lower at 14.6%; flu B higher (2.9%) Ontario: - flu A lower at 12.1%; flu B higher (4.9%)	
⊗ <u>Local Institutional Outbreaks</u>	Similar	No institutional influenza outbreaks were declared in week 12. Twenty-three influenza outbreaks reported for season to date.	
[⊗] Influenza Strains	Similar	Predominant strains: Influenza A (H3N2) (92%)	
© Local Emergency Department respiratory visits: week 12	Lower	Percentage of visits is lower compared to previous week; visits in recent weeks are lower than previous flu seasons	
Week 12 Overall Assessment March 19 – March 25, 2017	Lower	Reported Activity Level: Sporadic	
		15 new cases of Flu A in SMDHU. Eight new cases of Flu B in SMDHU.	

Notes: Reported activity level is based on the weekly submission of <u>Appendix C</u> to Public Health Ontario. Definition available <u>here</u>.

^{*}Compared to previous surveillance week

[†] Reported for week 11; assessment of indicator based primarily on provincial percent positivity due to low local counts

Reported Local Influenza Cases

In Simcoe Muskoka, there have been 625 **lab-confirmed influenza cases reported** as of 29 March 2017; 23 (4%) of which were reported in week 12 – this is lower in comparison to week 11.

Of the 480 reported influenza A cases with subtype information available:

- 479 (99.8%) of the cases were influenza A, subtype H3.
 - o Thirteen of these cases were further subtyped to H3N2.
 - o Of these thirteen, three were identified as A/HONG KONG/4801/2014-LIKE(H3N2)

Table 1: Summary of influenza cases for 2016/17 season

Lab-confirmed Influenza Cases	Week 12		Season-to-Date			
	N	%	N	%		
Influenza A	15	65%	592	95%		
Influenza B	8	35%	33	5%		
Influenza A & B	0	0%	0	0%		
Total	23	100%	625	100%		
Notes: Data source: Communicable Disease Intake Database, extracted on March 28, 2017						

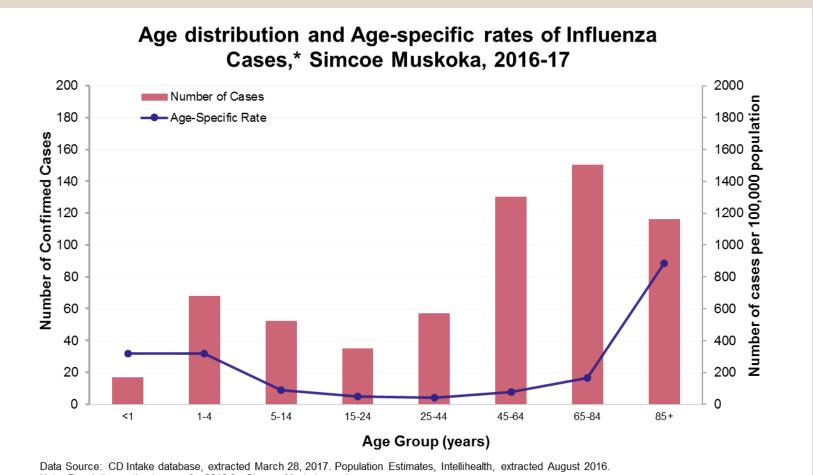
[₱] Figure 2 and Figure 3 below provide historic comparisons

Age Distribution

For the season-to-date, nearly half (42.6%) of cases have been reported in individuals aged 65 and older. The corresponding age-specific rates are 166.9 per 100,000 population (65-84 years) and 884.6 cases per 100,000 population (85+ years), respectively. While less than 5% of cases were reported in the <1 years of age group, the age-specific rates is 318.4 cases per 100,000 population.

Mean age of reported flu cases: 51.6 years

Figure 1: Number and Age-specific Rate of Influenza Cases by Age Group, Simcoe Muskoka, September 2016 to present



Note: Population estimates are for 2016 for Simcoe Muskoka region.

^{*} Confirmed Cases

Historical Comparison

Figure 2: Reported Influenza Cases, Type A, Current Influenza Season with Historical Comparison, Simcoe Muskoka

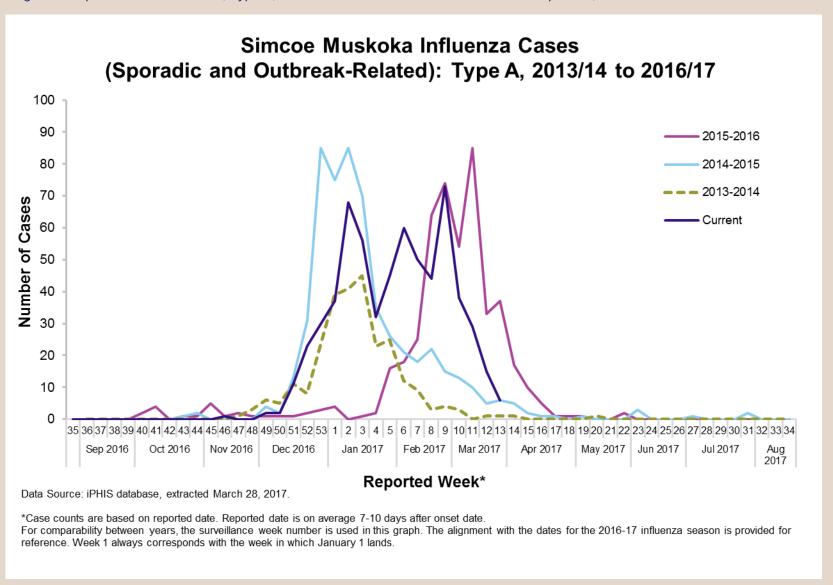
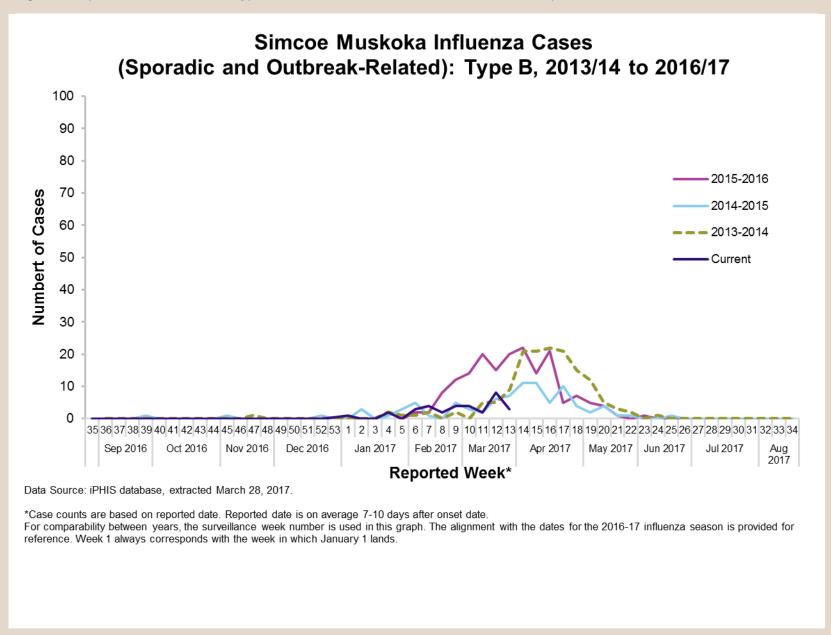


Figure 3: Reported Influenza Cases, Type B, Current Influenza Season with Historical Comparison, Simcoe Muskoka



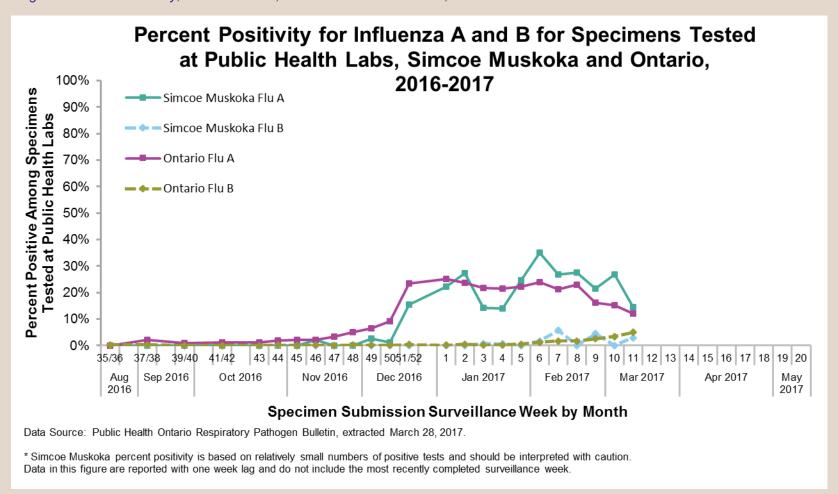
Percent positivity

Note: Percent positivity is reported with one week lag and does not included week 12. Percent positivity is reported for week 11.

The percentage of flu specimens that are positive (<u>percent positivity</u>) for Influenza A are lower compared to the previous week. The provincial percent positivity for influenza A in week 11 was reported at 12.1 %, lower than week 10. Influenza B percent positivity was slightly higher than the previous week at 4.9%.

Locally for week 11, percent positivity for influenza A was reported at 14.6%, while influenza B increased to 2.9%.

Figure 4: Percent Positivity, Influenza A & B, Simcoe Muskoka & Ontario, 2016/17

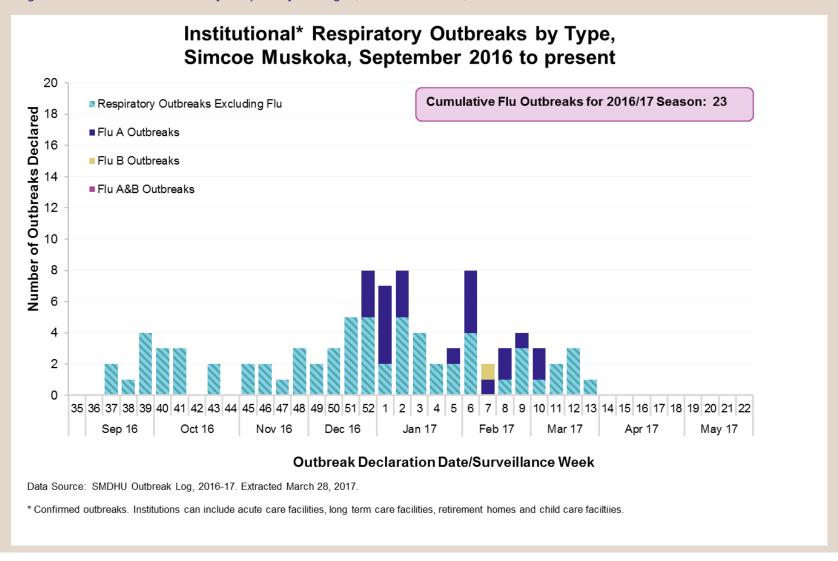


Institutional Respiratory Outbreaks

There have been 23 lab-confirmed institutional flu outbreaks in Simcoe Muskoka since September 1, 2016:

- Influenza A: 22 outbreaks
- Influenza B: one outbreak

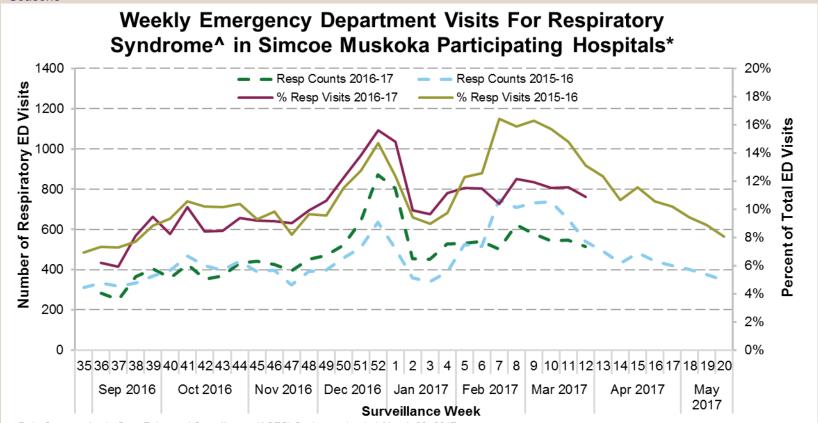
Figure 5: Institutional Outbreaks by Respiratory Pathogen, Simcoe Muskoka, 2016/17



Local Emergency Department Visits

Emergency department visits for respiratory syndrome in Simcoe Muskoka accounted for 10.9% of visits in week 12. This is lower than week 11, and significantly lower compared to the same time period in the 2015/16 season. The large increase and subsequent decrease in visits at the beginning of 2017 follows the seasonal pattern observed in previous years, particularly the 2014/15 season.

Figure 6: Emergency Department Visits for Respiratory Syndrome at Participating Simcoe Muskoka Hospital, 2015/16, 2016/17 Seasons



Data Source: Acute Care Enhanced Surveillance (ACES) System, extracted March 28, 2017.

The above data is provided through Acute Care Enhanced Surveillance (ACES), an emergency department (ED) syndromic surveillance system managed by <u>KFLA Public Health Informatics</u> for participating Ontario hospitals. Five hospitals participate in Simcoe Muskoka.

[^] Respiratory syndrome is defined as "respiratory infection non croup, non bronchiolitis. Includes sore throat, cough, cold, ear infection, blocked ear, earache etc". This syndrome does not include influenza-like illness, which is "fever, myalgia, undifferentiated flu".

^{*}Participating hospitals are: RVH, OSMH, MAH (Bracebridge and Huntsville), GBGH and CGMH. Includes Simcoe Muskoka residents and visitors.

As of Oct. 2016, an additional local hospital began feeding data to ACES; comparison of previous crude counts with the current counts should not be made.

Vaccine Match and Influenza Strains

The trivalent 2016-2017 influenza vaccine contains the following strains:

- A/California/7/2009 (H1N1)pdm09-like virus;
- A/Hong Kong/4801/2014 (H3N2)-like virus;
- B/Brisbane/60/2008-like virus.

For the season to date, the vaccine appears to be a good match for the circulating influenza strains across Canada.

The World Health Organization has issued their recommendation for the 2017/2018 seasonal influenza vaccine.

Table 2: Local, Provincial and National Matched Flu Specimens and National Match Percent, 2016-17

Influenza Strains	Number of Specimens with Strain Characterization Results			National Match
	Simcoe Muskoka*	Ontario	Canada	Percent [†]
Influenza A Vaccine Strains				
Influenza A (H3N2) A/Hong Kong/4801/2014-like	3	195	319	92%
Influenza A (H1N1) A/California/07/09-like	0	24	28	8%
Influenza B Vaccine Strains				
B/Brisbane/60/08-like	0	25	40	33%
B/Phuket/3073/13-like (Quad vaccine only)	6	45	80	67%

Data Source: Ontario and Canada Counts: Public Health Ontario Respiratory Pathogen Report, Table 8: Strain characterization completed on influenza isolates at the National Microbiology Laboratory, Surveillance week 11; SMDHU Counts: CD Intake Database, extracted March 29, 2017.

^{*}Simcoe Muskoka counts are current to the most recently completed surveillance week (week 12). A zero count indicates no strain characterization results are available. Provincial and national counts are reported with one week lag and do not include the most recently completed surveillance week. Surveillance weeks can be found here.

[†] Non-vaccine match strains are not reported. Percent match is based on antigenically similar strains. As of week 11, an additional 952 specimens did not grow to sufficient hemagglutination titers for antigenic characterization, but were found to be of the same genetic group as A/Hong Kong/4801/2014-like virus through sequence analysis.

Technical Notes

Definitions

<u>Percentage positivity</u>: the number of positive flu cases divided by the number of specimens tested at Public Health Ontario Labs

Reported activity level: the level of influenza activity that is reported to Public Health Ontario by Simcoe Muskoka, based on influenza cases and outbreaks. Definitions available here.

<u>Surveillance week</u>: The week number corresponding to the week of year, running Sunday to Saturday, inclusive, for reporting influenza activity. January 1 always falls within week 1. A list of the current season's surveillance weeks can be found here.

Limitations

Timeliness:

The provincial data are from one week previous because that is the most recent data available.

The hospital data, local counts of influenza, and outbreaks are current to date.

The number of cases listed in a given surveillance week may change as more information becomes available

Case-Follow-up and iPHIS Data Entry:

While Public Health Ontario only requires detailed information on every fifth case of influenza reported to SMDHU, the health unit investigates all hospitalized influenza cases in order to ensure accurate adverse outcomes and subtyping data is available.

Case Reporting:

Sporadic cases do not accurately describe all cases of influenza as those cases reported are skewed towards individuals more likely to seek medical care and be tested (e.g. young, elderly and immunocompromised).

Additional Resources

Simcoe Muskoka

- Influenza Fact Sheet
- Influenza HealthSTATS page

Provincial

- Ontario Respiratory Pathogen Bulletin
- Public Health Ontario Laboratory Respiratory Pathogen Surveillance Reports
- ILI Mapper

Week 11 Provincial Summary: For the 2016-2017 surveillance season to week 11, 10,519 laboratory-confirmed influenza cases have been reported across Ontario, 374 (4%) of which were reported in week 11. Among cumulative cases, 95.9% (10,085/10,519) were influenza A. Of the 5542 reported influenza A cases with subtype information available, 99.3% (5502/5542) were H3N2 and 0.7% (40/5542) were (H1N1)pdm09. Influenza A activity in week 11 was moderate.

(Source: Public Health Ontario Respiratory Pathogen Bulletin, Surveillance Week 11, extracted March 28, 2017.)

National

Public Health Agency of Canada FluWatch

International Resources

WHO Global Influenza Surveillance and Response System