Weekly Influenza News



Week 46: November 13 to November 19, 2016

Week in Review:

Influenza Activity Indicator	Assessment of Indicator*	Interpretation
	Higher	1 local lab-confirmed case reported in week 46 – first case for 2016/17
	Similar	Simcoe Muskoka: no change; Ontario: slight increase for flu A
	Similar	No institutional influenza outbreaks declared in the 2016/17 season
	Higher	Predominant strains: Influenza A (H3N2)
	Similar	Percentage of visits similar to previous week and lower than same period of 2015/16 season
Week 46 Overall Assessment November 13 to November 19, 2016		Reported Activity Level: Sporadic
	Slightly Higher	Flu A activity has increased compared to previous week with first confirmed influenza case reported in SMDHU. No Flu B activity in SMDHU.

Notes: Reported activity level is based on the weekly submission of Appendix C to Public Health Ontario. Definition available here.

*Compared to previous surveillance week

[†] Reported for week 45

Reported Local Influenza Cases

In Simcoe Muskoka, there has been 1 lab-confirmed influenza cases reported as of 22 November 2016.

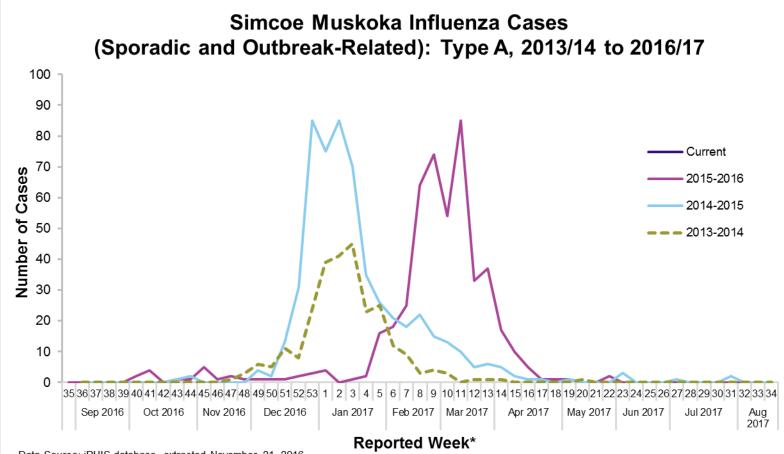
- This is the *first reported influenza case for the 2016/17 influenza season*.
 - Subtyping of this initial case is H3.

Table 1: Summary of ir	nfluenza cases for 2016/17 sea	ason
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	Week 46		Season-to-Date		
Lab-confirmed Influenza Cases	N	%	N	%	
Influenza A	1	100%	1	100%	
Influenza B	0	0%	0	0%	
Influenza A & B	0	0%	0	0%	
Total	1	100%	1	100%	
Notes: Data source: Communicable Disease Intake Database, extracted on November 21, 2016					

Historical Comparison

Figure 1: Reported Influenza Cases, Type A, Current Influenza Season with Historical Comparison, Simcoe Muskoka

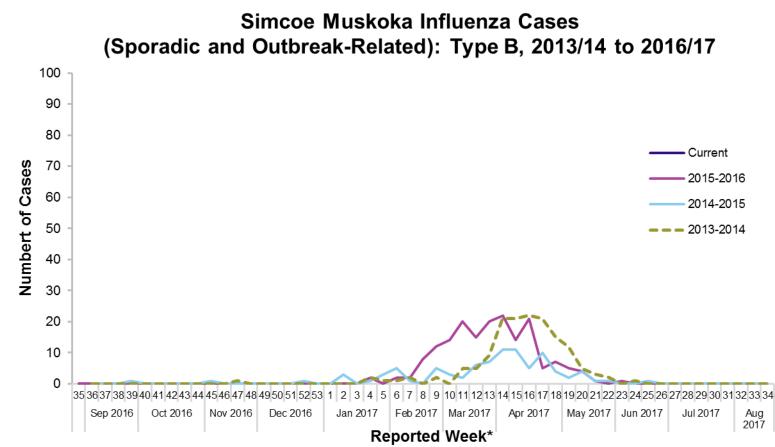


Data Source: iPHIS database, extracted November 21, 2016.

*Case counts are based on reported date. Reported date is on average 7-10 days after onset date.

For comparability between years, the surveillance week number is used in this graph. The alignment with the dates for the 2016-17 influenza season is provided for reference. Week 1 always corresponds with the week in which January 1 lands.

Figure 2: Reported Influenza Cases, Type B, Current Influenza Season with Historical Comparison, Simcoe Muskoka



Data Source: iPHIS database, extracted November 21, 2016.

*Case counts are based on reported date. Reported date is on average 7-10 days after onset date.

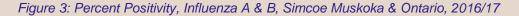
For comparability between years, the surveillance week number is used in this graph. The alignment with the dates for the 2016-17 influenza season is provided for reference. Week 1 always corresponds with the week in which January 1 lands.

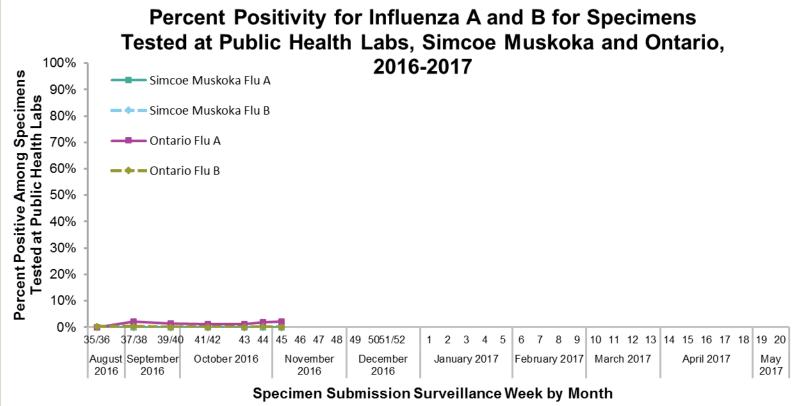
Percent positivity

The percentage of flu specimens that are positive (<u>percent positivity</u>) for Influenza A has increased slightly over the past several weeks. The provincial percent positivity for influenza A in week 45 was reported at 2.2%. Influenza B percent positivity was reported at 0% for week 45.

Local percent positivity for both influenza A and influenza B remained at 0.0% for week 45.

Note: Percent positivity is reported with one week lag and does not include week 46.





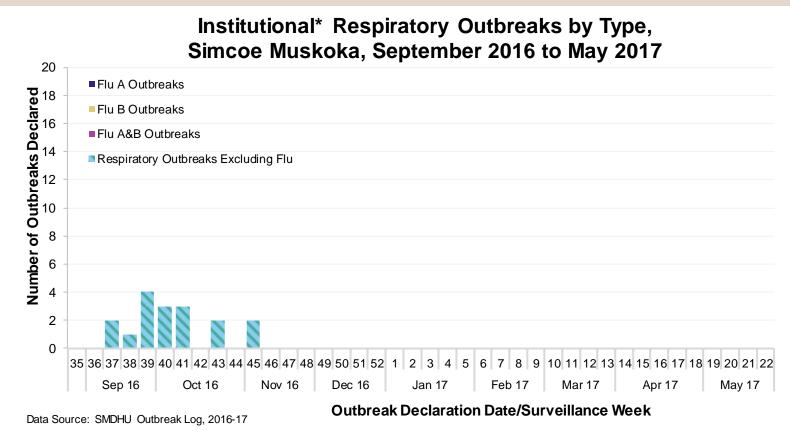
Data Source: Public Health Ontario Respiratory Pathogen Bulletin.

* Simcoe Muskoka percent positivity is based on relatively small numbers of positive tests and should be interpreted with caution. Data in this figure are reported with one week lag and do not include the most recently completed surveillance week.

Institutional Respiratory Outbreaks

There have been zero *lab-confirmed institutional flu outbreaks* in Simcoe Muskoka since September 1, 2016. There have been 17 respiratory outbreaks (where causative agent is not flu) during this time.

Figure 4: Institutional Outbreaks by Respiratory Pathogen, Simcoe Muskoka, 2016/17

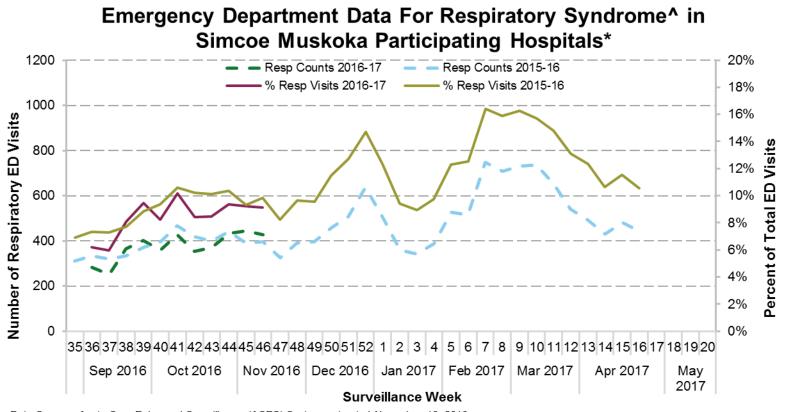


* Institutions can include acute care facilities, long term care facilities, retirement homes and child care facilities.

Local Emergency Department Visits

Emergency department visits for respiratory syndrome in Simcoe Muskoka accounted for 9.1% of visits in week 46. This is similar to week 45.

Figure 5: Emergency Department Visits for Respiratory Syndrome at Participating Simcoe Muskoka Hospital, 2014/15, 2015/16, 2016/17 Seasons



Data Source: Acute Care Enhanced Surveillance (ACES) System, extracted November 18, 2016 ^A Respiratory syndrome is defined as "respiratory infection non croup, non bronchiolitis. Includes sore throat, cough, cold, ear infection, blocked ear, earache etc". This syndrome does not include influenza-like illness, which is "fever, myalgia, undifferentiated flu". *Participating hospitals are: RVH, OSMH, MAH (Bracebridge and Huntsville), GBGH and CGMH. Includes Simcoe Muskoka residents and visitors. As of Oct. 2016, an additional local hospital began feeding data to ACES; comparison of previous crude counts with the current flu counts should not be made.

The above data is provided through Acute Care Enhanced Surveillance (ACES), an emergency department (ED) syndromic surveillance system managed by <u>KFLA Public Health Informatics</u> for participating Ontario hospitals. Five hospitals participate in Simcoe Muskoka.

Vaccine Match and Influenza Strains

The trivalent 2016-2017 influenza vaccine contains the following strains:

- A/California/7/2009 (H1N1)pdm09-like virus;
- A/Hong Kong/4801/2014 (H3N2)-like virus;
- B/Brisbane/60/2008-like virus.

Table 2: Local, Provincial and National Matched Flu Specimens and National Match Percent, 2016-17

Influenza Strains	Simcoe Muskoka*	Ontario	Canada	National Match Percent			
Influenza A Vaccine Strains							
Influenza A (H3N2) A/Hong Kong/4801/2014-like	0	17	31	39%			
Influenza A (H1N1) A/California/07/09-like	0	2	4	5%			
Influenza B Vaccine Strains							
B/Brisbane/60/08-like	0	0	7	78%			
B/Phuket/3073/13-like (Quad vaccine only)	0	1	2	22%			

Data Source: Ontario and Canada Counts: Public Health Ontario Respiratory Pathogen Report, Surveillance week **45**; SMDHU Counts: CD Intake Database, extracted November 22, 2016.

Number of isolates received by National Microbiology Lab (NML). Non-vaccine match strains are not reported. Percent match is based on antigenically similar strains.

*Simcoe Muskoka counts are current to the most recently completed surveillance week. Provincial and national counts are reported with one week lag and do not include the most recently completed surveillance week. Surveillance weeks can be found <u>here</u>.

Technical Notes

Definitions

<u>Percentage positivity</u>: the number of positive flu cases divided by the number of specimens tested at Public Health Ontario Labs

<u>Reported activity level</u>: the level of influenza activity that is reported to Public Health Ontario by Simcoe Muskoka, based on influenza cases and outbreaks. Definitions available <u>here</u>.

<u>Surveillance week</u>: The week number corresponding to the week of year, running Sunday to Saturday, inclusive, for reporting influenza activity. January 1 always falls within week 1. A list of the current season's surveillance weeks can be found <u>here</u>.

Limitations

Timeliness:

The provincial data are from one week previous because that is the most recent data available.

The hospital data, local counts of influenza, and outbreaks are current to date.

The number of cases listed in a given surveillance week may change as more information becomes available

Case-Follow-up and iPHIS Data Entry:

While Public Health Ontario only requires detailed information on every fifth case of influenza reported to SMDHU, the health unit investigates all hospitalized influenza cases in order to ensure accurate adverse outcomes and subtyping data is available.

Case Reporting:

Sporadic cases do not accurately describe all cases of influenza as those cases reported are skewed towards individuals more likely to seek medical care and be tested (e.g. young, elderly and immunocompromised).

Additional Resources

Simcoe Muskoka

- Influenza Fact Sheet
- Influenza HealthSTATS page

Provincial

- Ontario Respiratory Pathogen Bulletin
- Public Health Ontario Laboratory Respiratory Pathogen
 Surveillance Reports
- ILI Mapper

Week 45 Provincial Summary: For the 2016-2017 surveillance season to week 45, 127 laboratory-confirmed influenza cases have been reported, 40 (31.5%) of which were reported in week 45. Among cumulative cases, 88.2% (112/127) were influenza A. Of the 70 reported influenza A cases with subtype information available, 97.1% (68/70) were H3N2 and 2.9% (2/70) were (H1N1)pdm09. Influenza A activity in week 45 was low and within expected levels for this time of year.

(Source: Public Health Ontario Respiratory Pathogen Bulletin, Surveillance Week 45, extracted November 22, 2016)

National

Public Health Agency of Canada FluWatch

International Resources

WHO Global Influenza Surveillance and Response System